

SMAGSPERCEPTION OG INTERAKTIONER

AGENDA

Interaktioner mellem sanserne

Smagsinteraktioner

Forskning i smagsinteraktioner

OM MIG

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- "Taste-taste interactions between
sweetness and sourness"



SANSERNE-INTERAKTIONER

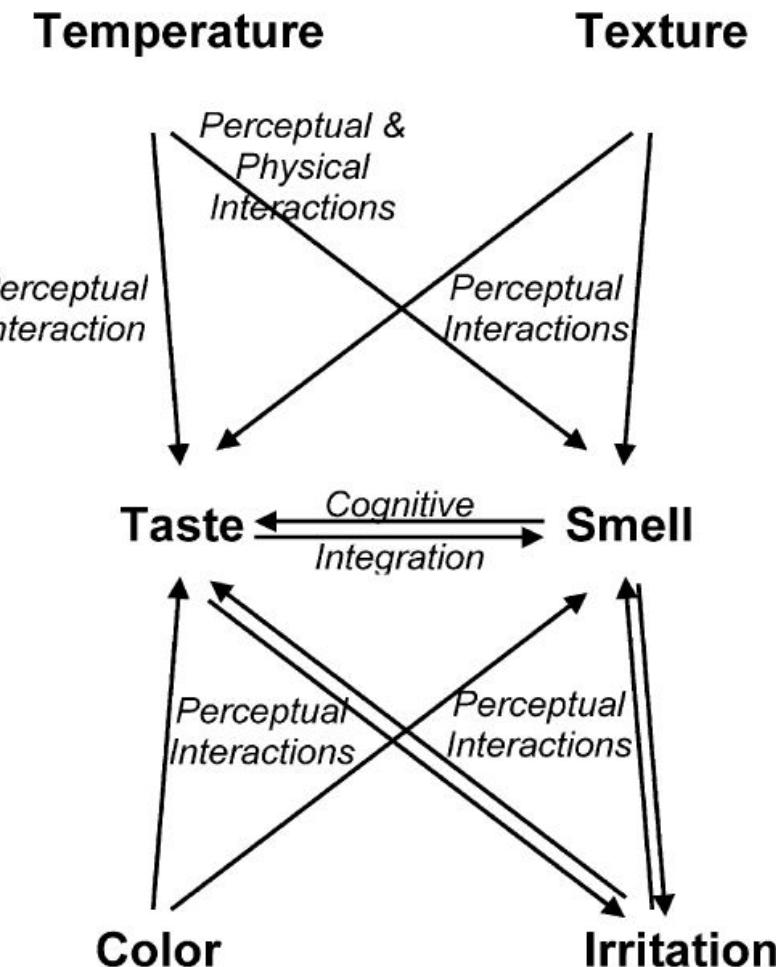


KRYDSMODALE INTERAKTIONER OG FLAVOR

Krydsmodale interaktioner

“ (...) a stimulus in one sensory modality can be shown to exert an influence on our perception of (...) the stimuli presented in another sensory modality”

(Spence, Senkowski, & Röder, 2009)



(Delwiche, 2004)

KRYDSMODALE INTERAKTIONER OG FLAVOR

Krydsmodale interaktioner

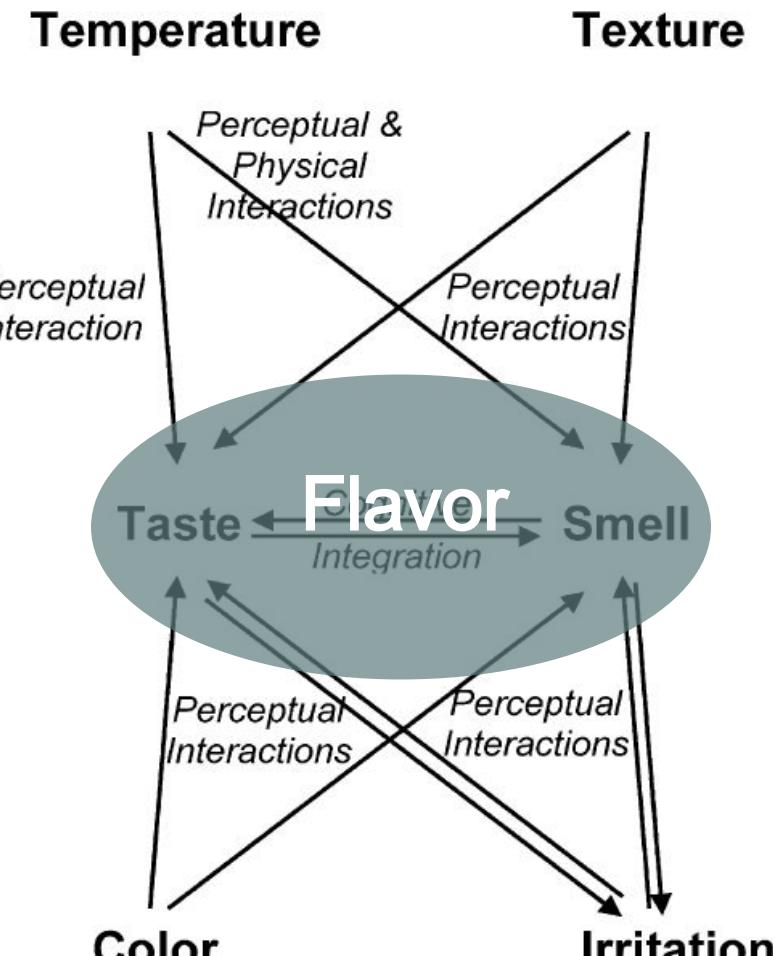
“(..) a stimulus in one sensory modality can be shown to exert an influence on our perception of(..) the stimuli presented in another sensory modality”

(Spence, Senkowski, & Röder, 2009)

Flavor

“Complex combination of the olfactory, gustatory and trigeminal sensations perceived during tasting. The flavour may be influenced by tactile, thermal, painful and/or kinaesthetic effects.”

(ISO 5492, 1992)



(Delwiche, 2004)

LYDOG SPRØDHED

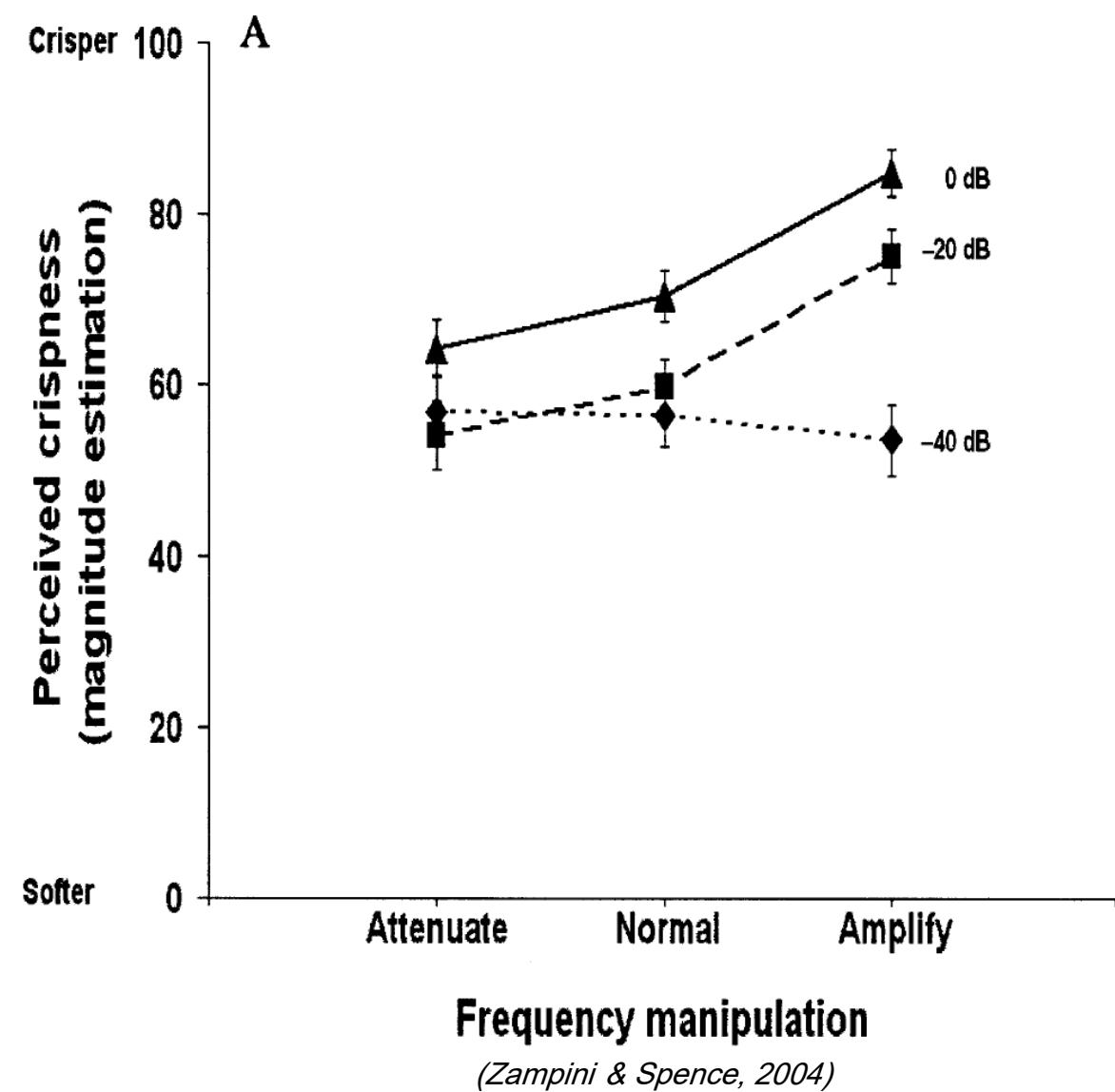
Sprødhed af chip ved ændring af lydniveau og lydkvalitet

Attenuate : Høje frekvenser fjernet

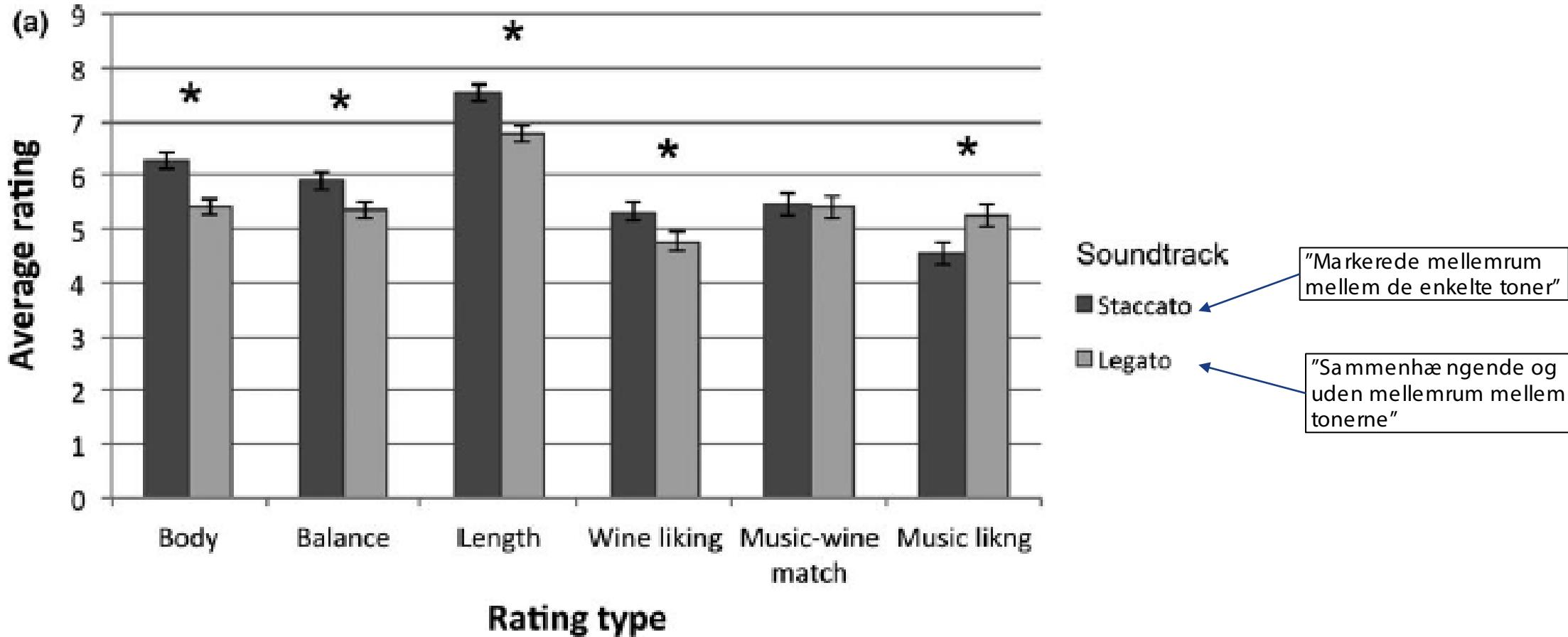
Amplify : Høje frekvenser forstørret

Chipsknasen ↓ = sprødhedsopfattelse ↓

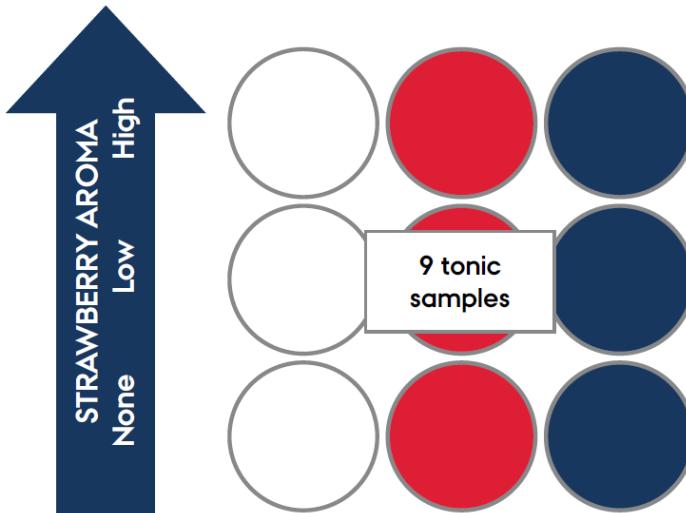
Høje frekvenser ↑ = sprødhedsopfattelse ↑



MUSIK OG VINOPFATTELSE



FARVEOG FLAVOR- TONIC



Consumer study	Attribute	Effect	Comments
The consumers were more affected by crossmodal interactions	Strawberry aroma	YES	As expected: Increased perceived intensity with increased concentration
	Strawberry flavour	YES	As expected: Increased perceived intensity with increased concentration
	Basic tastes	YES (sweetness)	Perception of sweetness positively correlated to strawberry aroma concentration and slightly to the colour red

FARVEOG FLAVOR- FRUGTYOGHURT

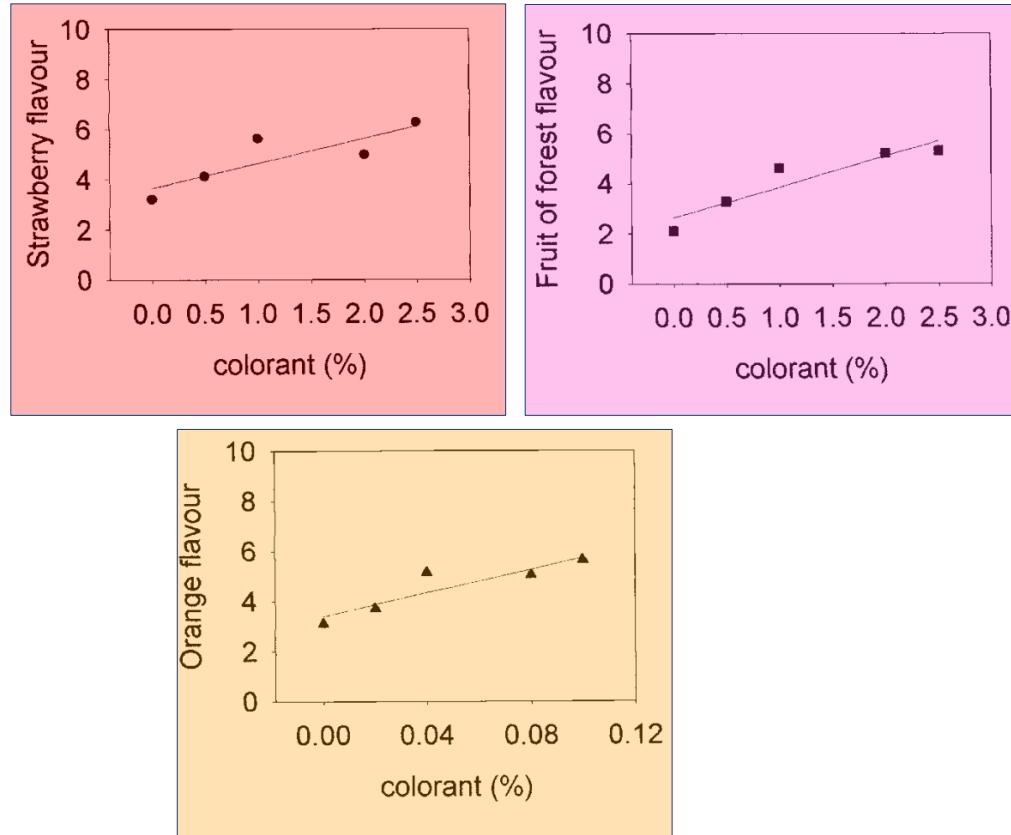


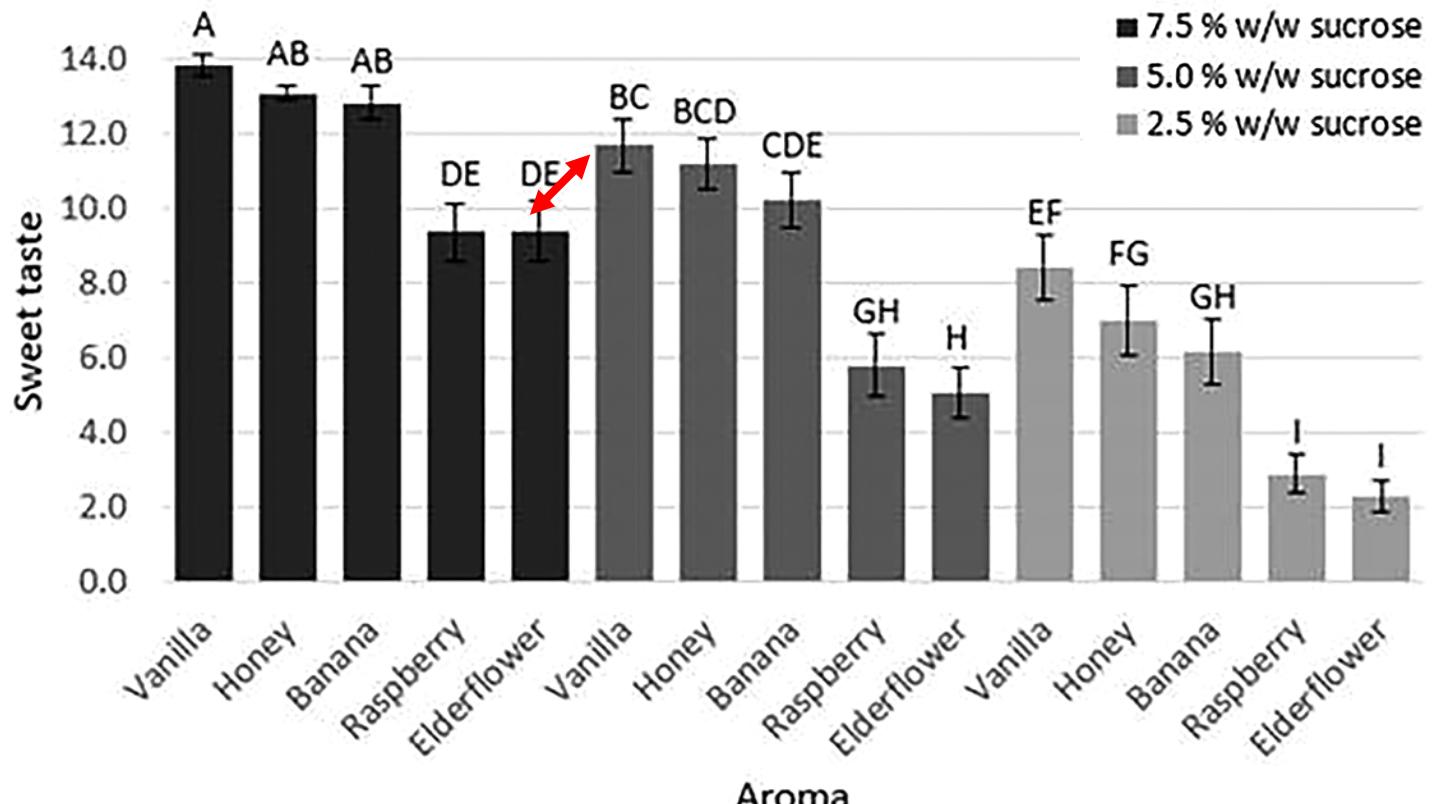
Fig. 3 Values for intensity of flavour of strawberry, orange and fruit of the forest in relation to colourant concentration

(Calvo *et al.*, 2001)

AROMA OG SMAG

Aroma kan påvirke smagsopfattelsen

5% sukkertilsat vaniljeearoma sødere end 7,5% sukkertilsat hyldeblomst eller hindbær



(Bertelsen et al., 2020)

SANSERNE



SANSERNE SMAG



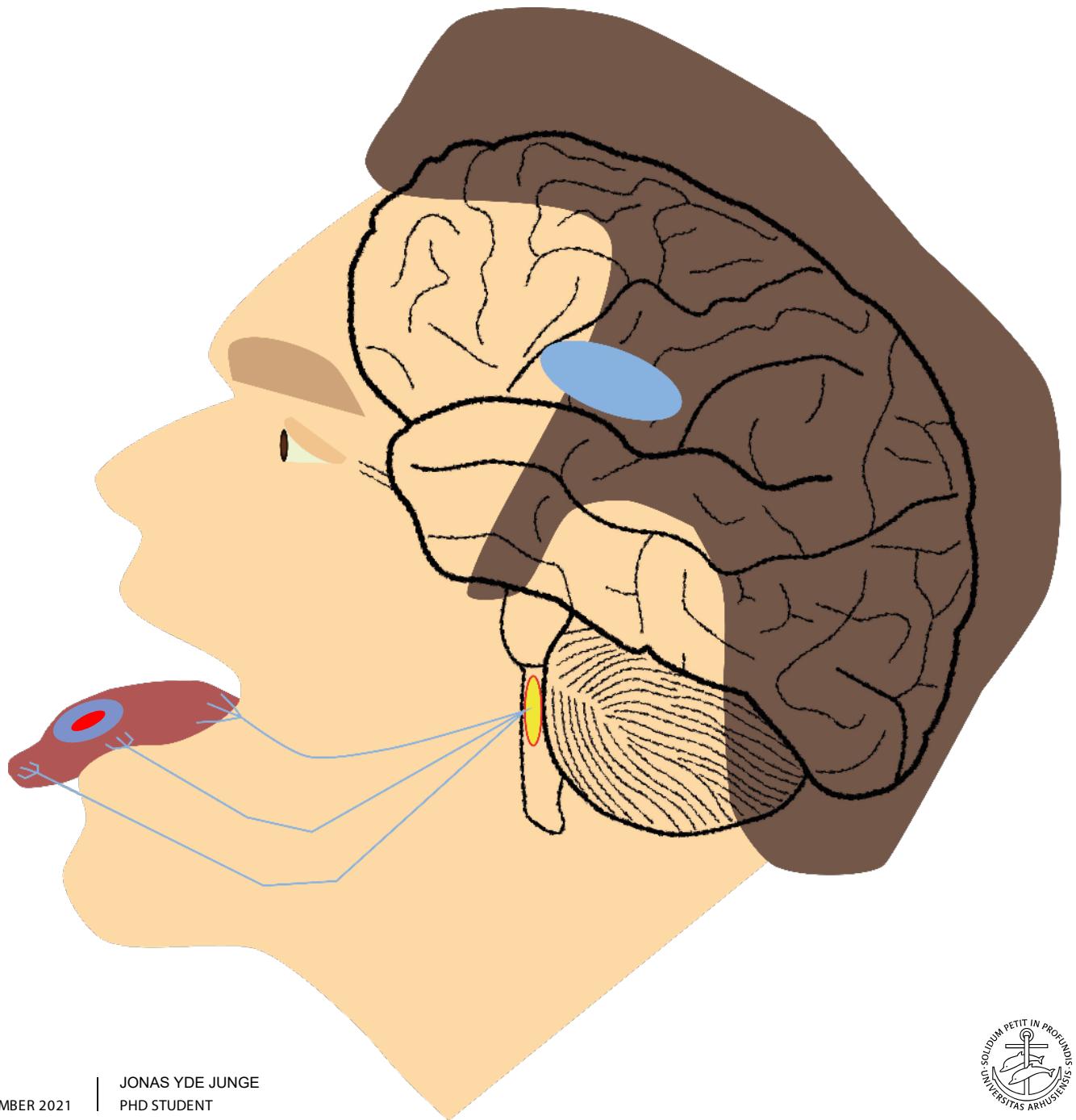
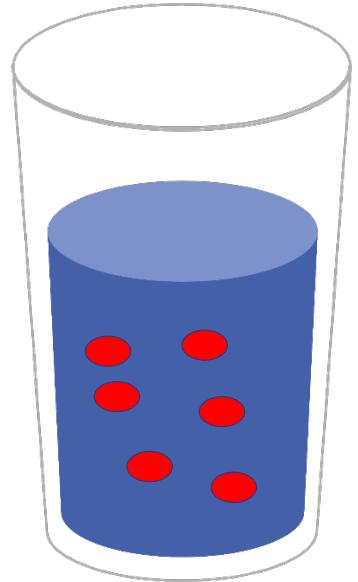
GRUNDSMAGE

5 anerkendte grundsmage
Desuden "fedt"-smag

Andre grundsmage foreslået, fx
stivelse og metallisk

Taste	Taste substance	Common foods				
Sweet	Sucrose Fructose Glucose	Sugar	Honey	Candy		
Sour	Acetic acid Citric acid Lactic acid	Vinegar	Lemons	Limes		
Salty	Sodium chloride	Salt				
Bitter	Caffeine Alkaloids Momordicin	Coffee	Bitter melon	Chocolate (90% cacao mass)		
Umami	Glutamate Inosinate Guanylate	Tomatoes	Cheese	Meat	Fish	Dried shiitake mushrooms

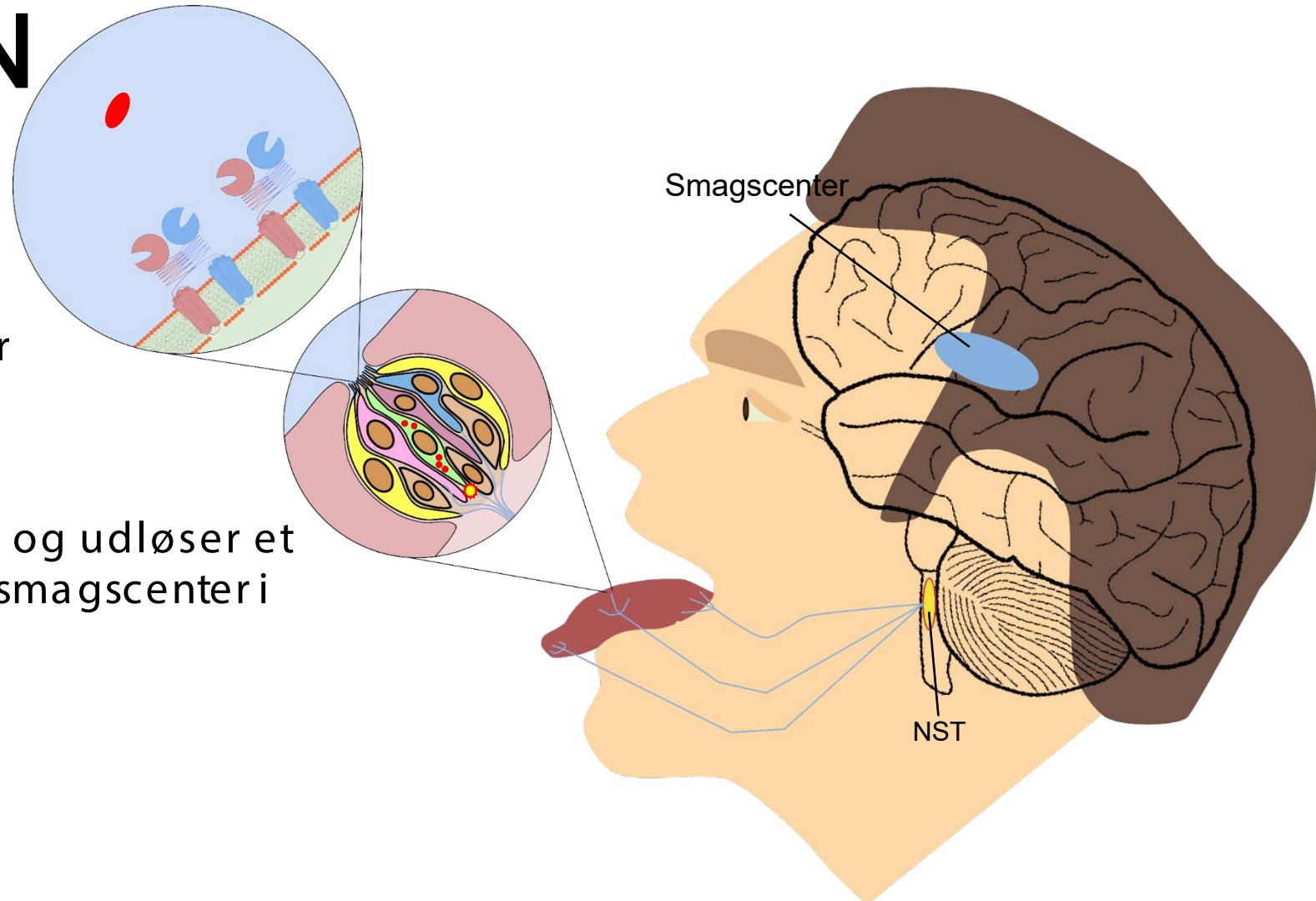
SMAGSSANSEN



SMAGSSANSEN

Smagsstof binder til smagsreceptor som sidder på smagscelle

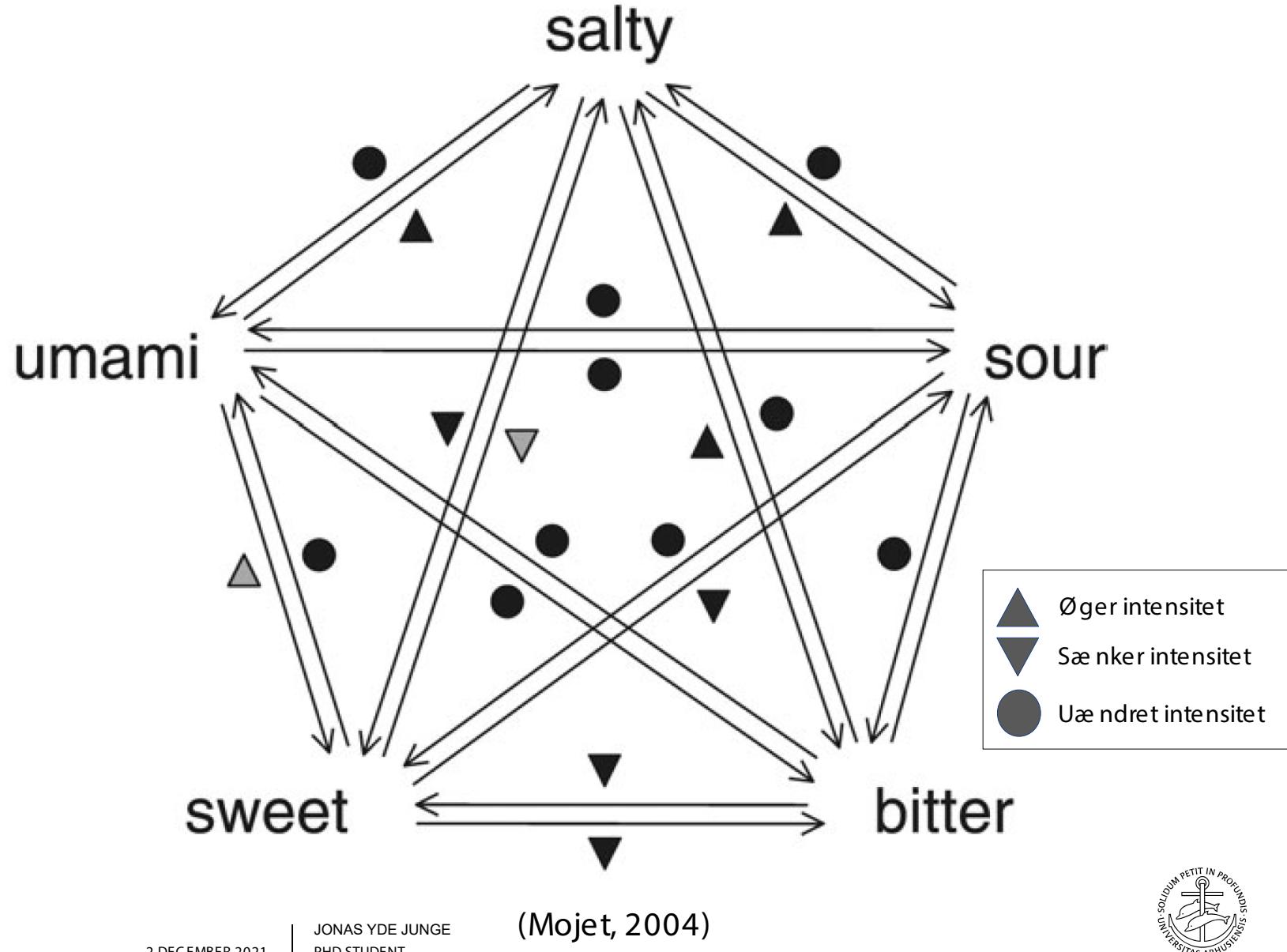
Kalcium friges i smagscellen og udløser et signal som rejser fra tungen til et smagscenter i hjernen



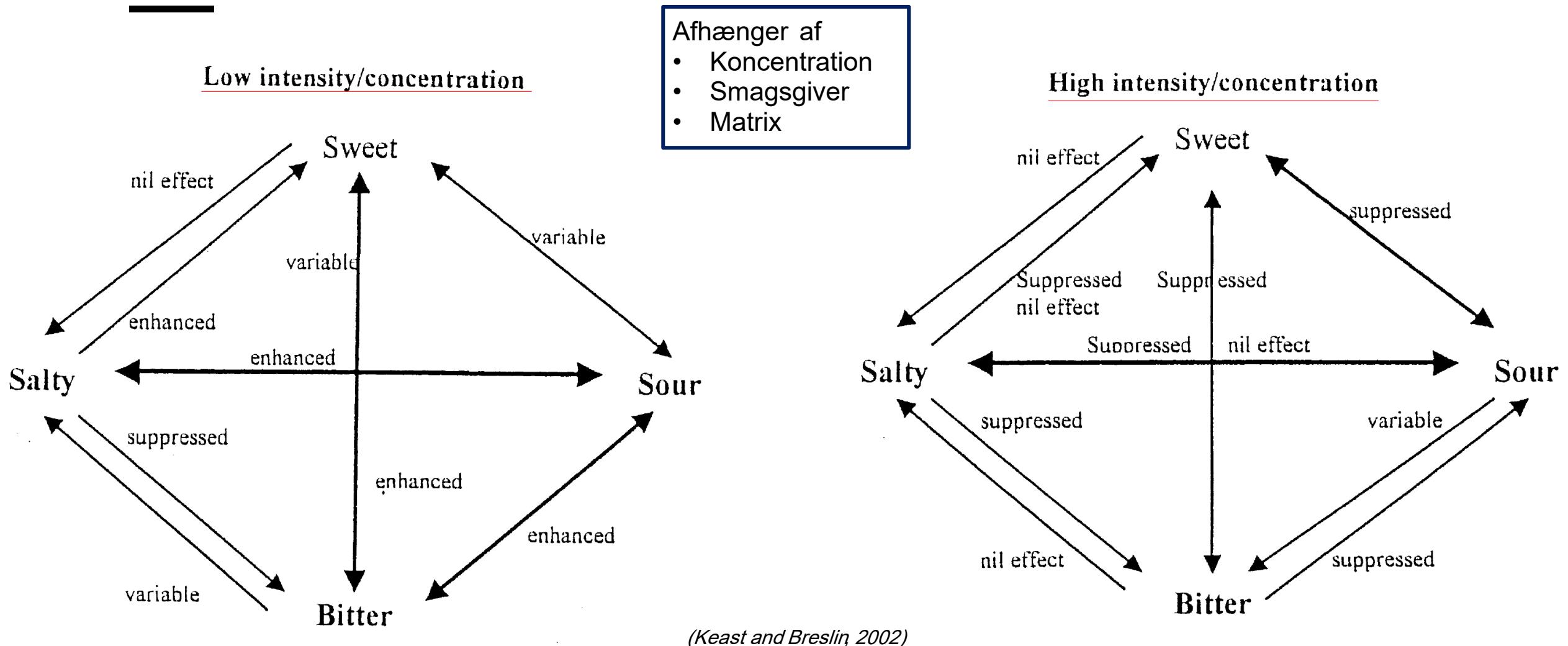
SMAGSINTERAKTIONER

Smagsinteraktioner i komplekse
fødevarematricer

Pilen pejer på smagen der bliver
påvirket



TASTETASTEINTERACTIONS



SMAGSSANSEN: SMAGSINTERAKTIONER MELLEM SUR OG SØD

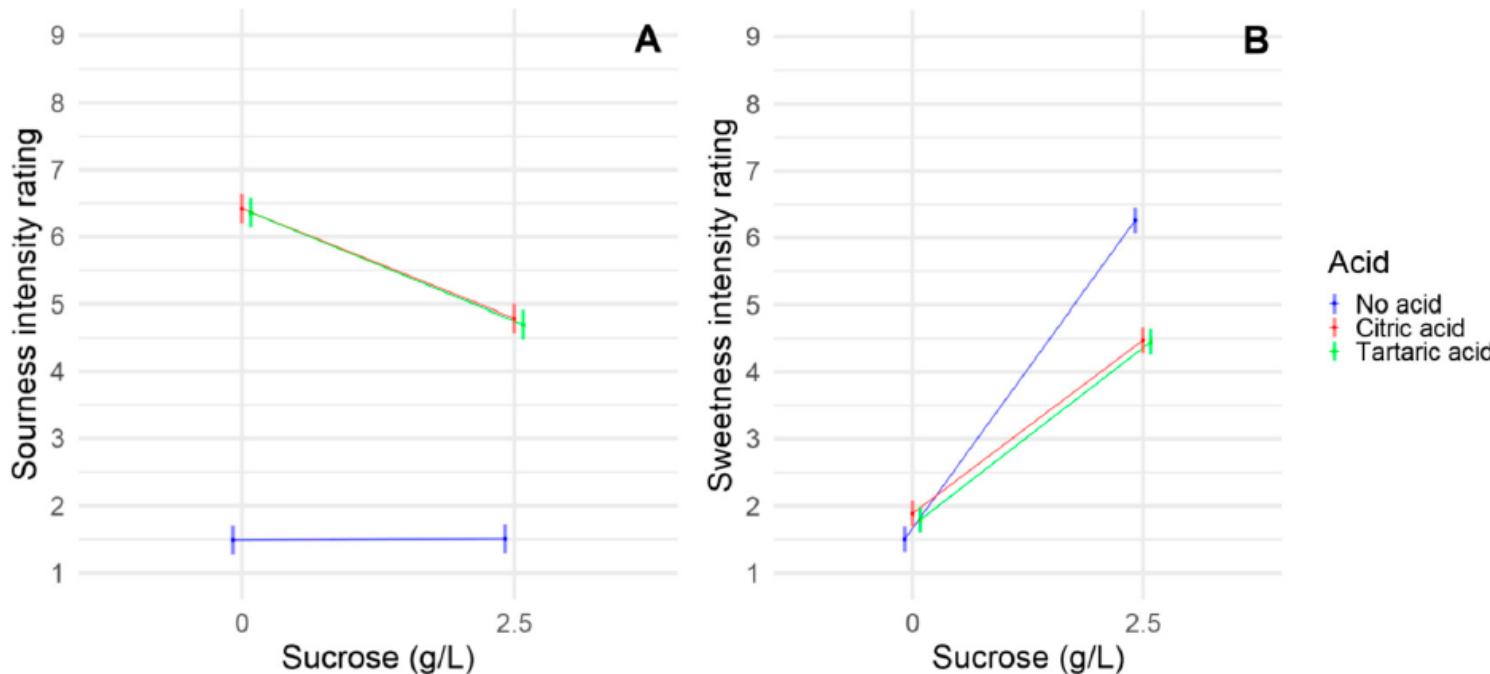


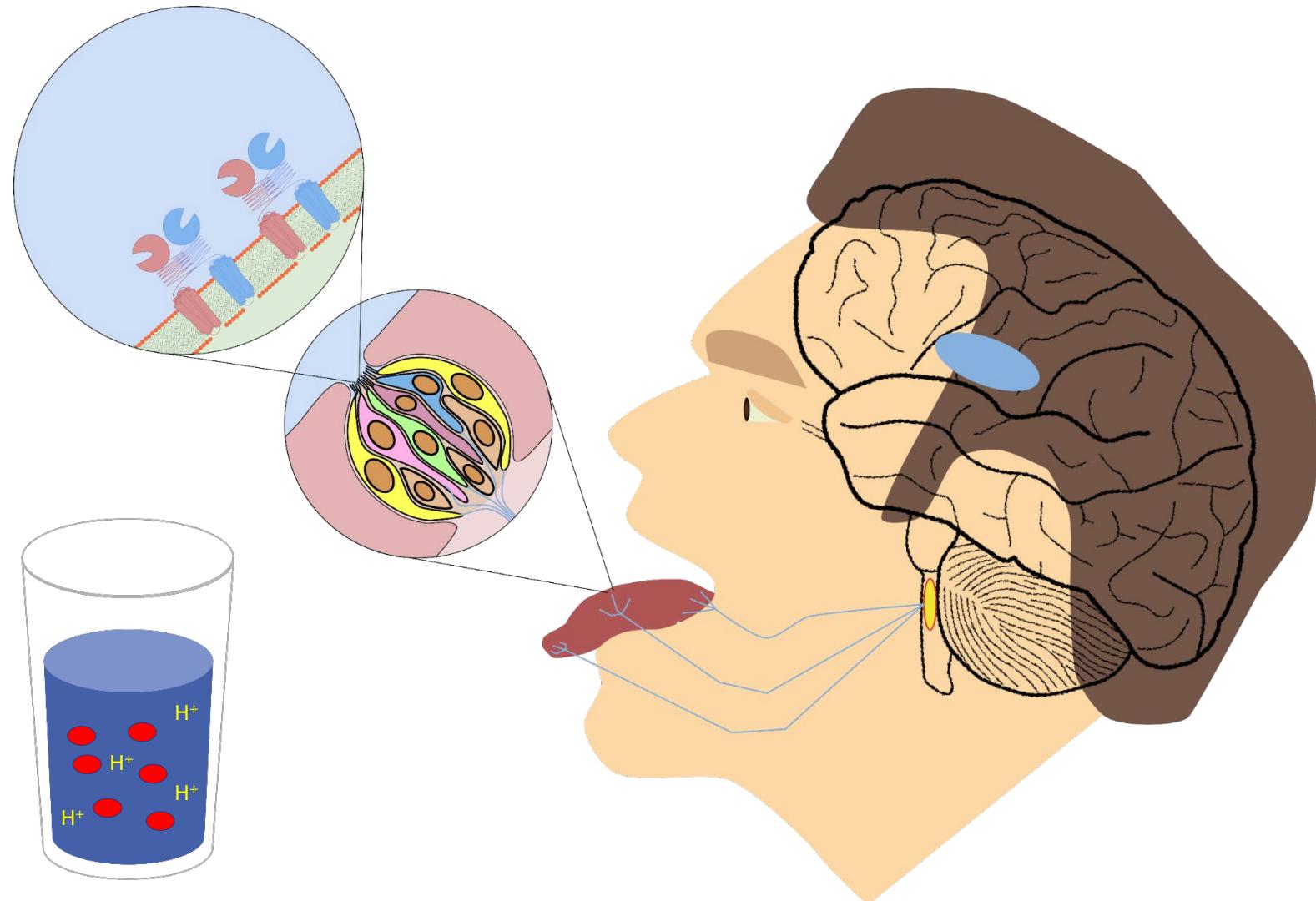
Figure 1. Interaction plots showing the means for the interaction between acids and sucrose. (A) Savoriness intensity ratings; (B) sweetness intensity ratings. Means are full dots. Surrounding faded lines indicate 95% confidence intervals.

(Junge, 2020)

SMAGSINTERAKTIONER

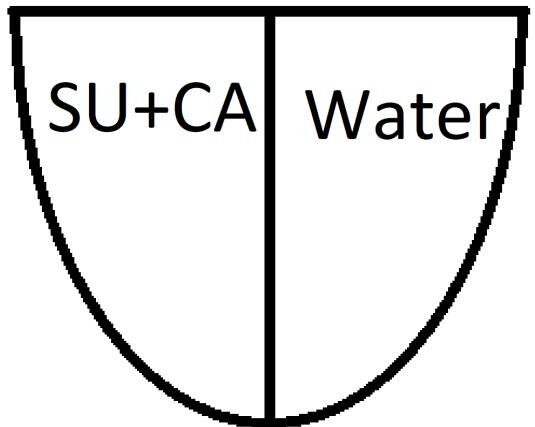
Tre typer af smagsinteraktioner:

- 1) Kemiske interaktioner
- 2) Oral fysiologiske interaktioner
- 3) Centrale kognitive interaktioner

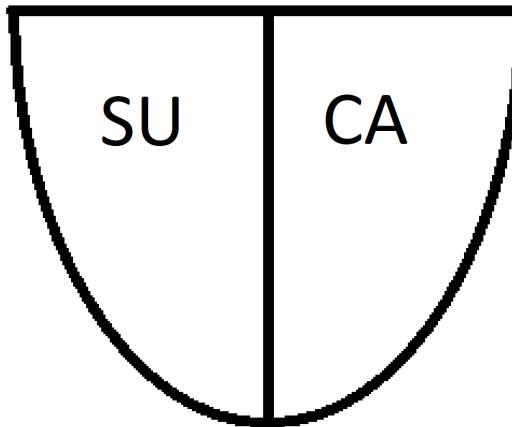


FORSKNING SMAGSINTERAKTION

SMAGSINTERAKTIONER QG SPLIT TONGUE



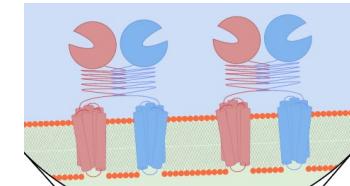
vs.



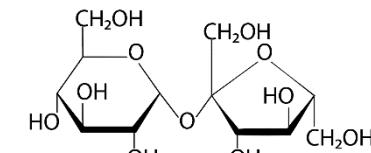
Kognitiv



Oral
fysiologisk



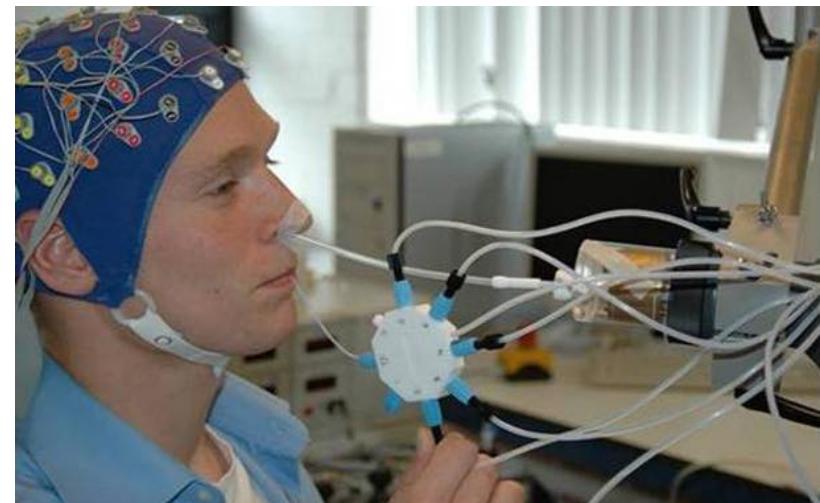
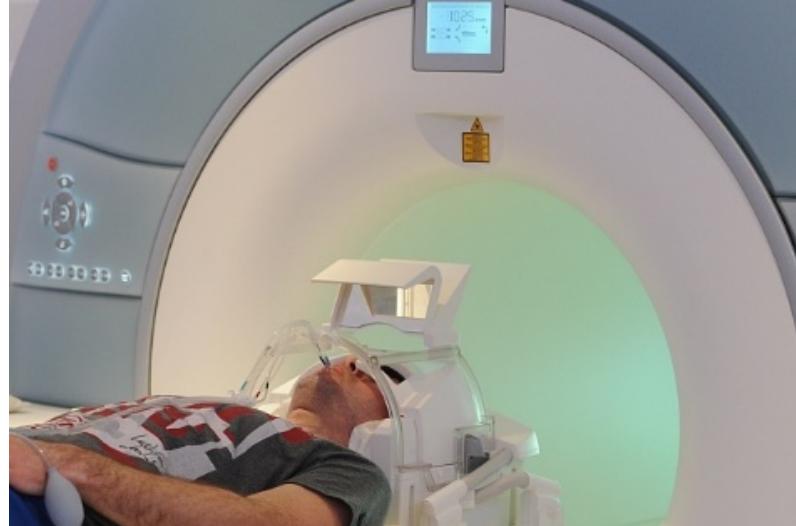
Kemisk



GUSTOMETER

an instrument used to deliver a predetermined volume and concentration of a taste (gustatory) stimulus to the tongue over a specified period of time.

Brugestil at leve smagsstimulii studier som EEG, fMRI, men også sensoriske eller adfærdsstudier.

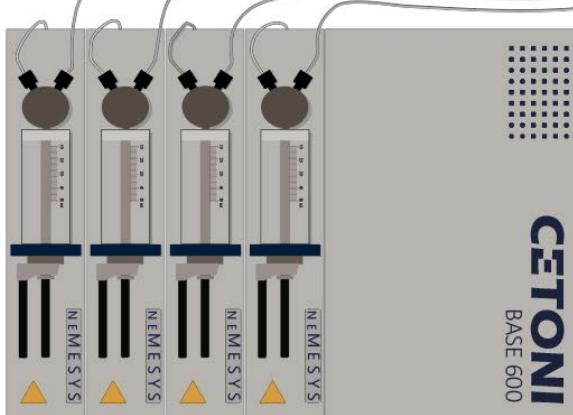


SMAGSINTERAKTIONER OG SPLIT TONGUE

Stimulere hver side af tungen samtidig og derved bruge
hver side af tungen som kontrol for den anden

Styrer smagspar (på hver side af tungen)

Fuldstændig tilpassede stimuleringen (tid, flow, osv.)



SPLITTONGUESTUDYDESIGN

4 conditions:

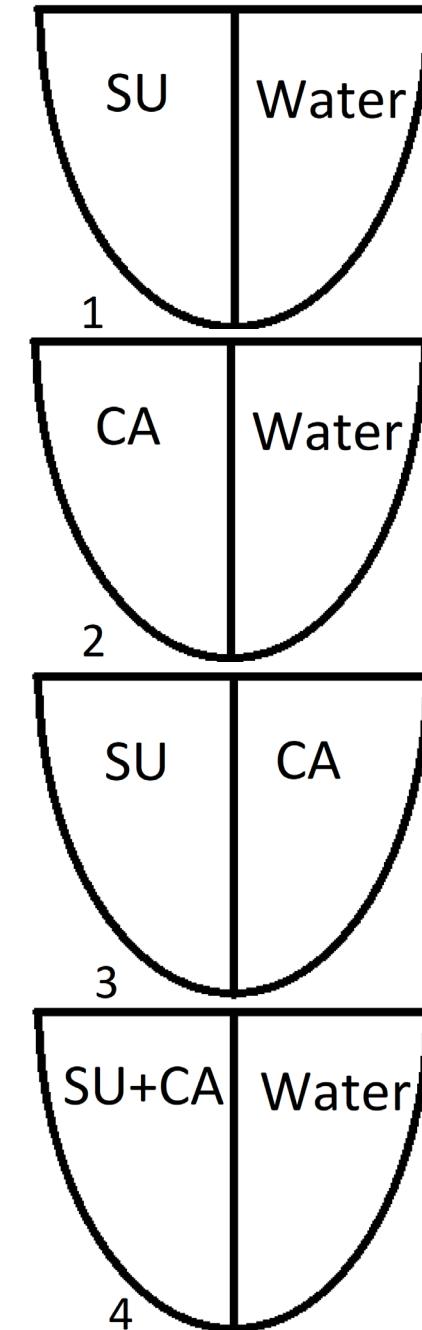
Sukker – Vand

Citronsyre – Vand

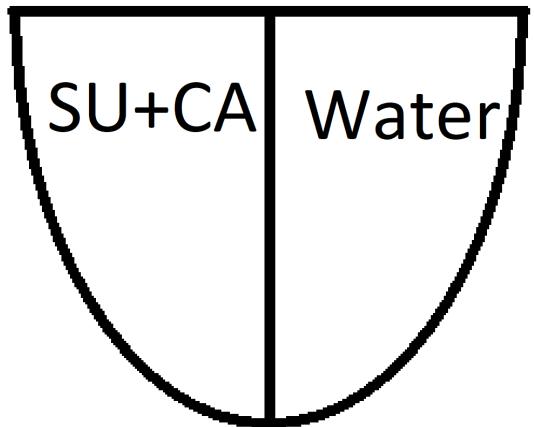
Sukker – Citronsyre

Sukker + Citronsyre - Vand

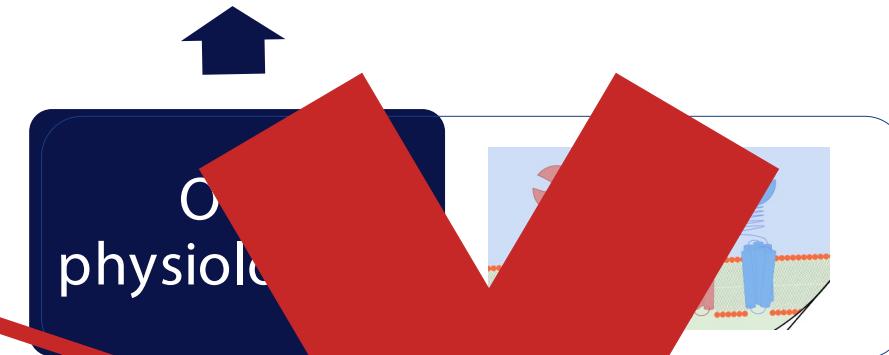
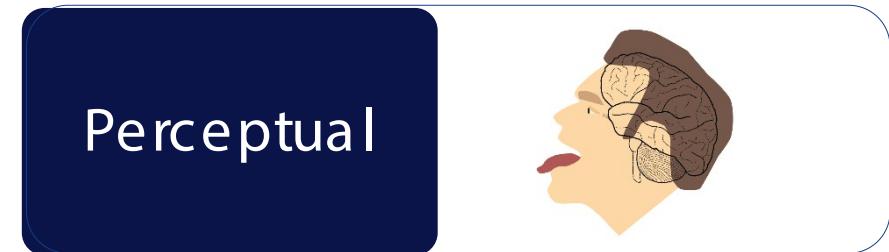
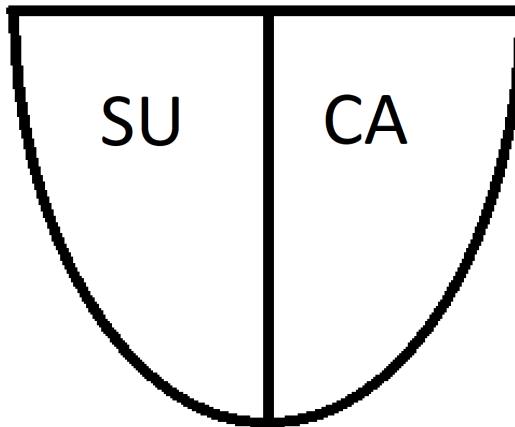
Kontrol (Vand – Vand)



SPLITTONGUEAND LEVELS OF INTERACTION



vs.





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