PROTEIN CONTAINING PREMEALS FOR PATIENTS WITH METABOLIC SYNDROME AND TYPE 2 DIABETES

Arla Foods Ingredients Discovering the wonders of whey

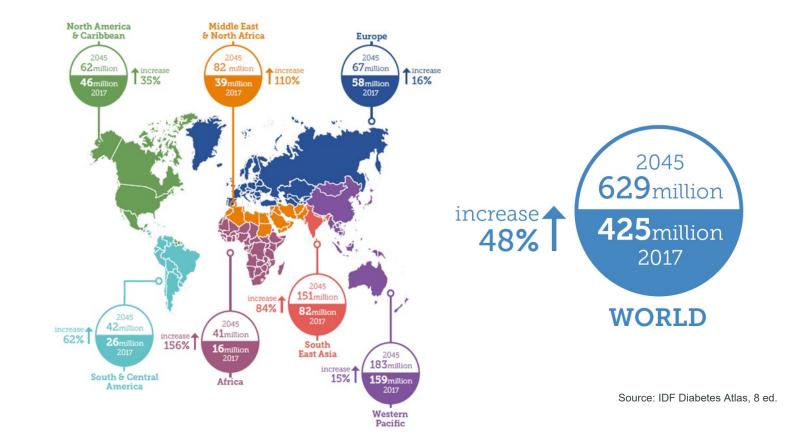
Ann Bjørnshave

DairyResearch Day 2019





PREVALENCE OF DIABETESVORLDWIDE





DEFINITION TYPE 2 DIABETES

Multi-factional disease:

- Hyperglycaemia
- Dysfunction of α and β -cells (bihormonal)
- Insulin resistance

Diagnostic criteria:

• $Hb1Ac \ge 48 \text{ mmol/mol}$

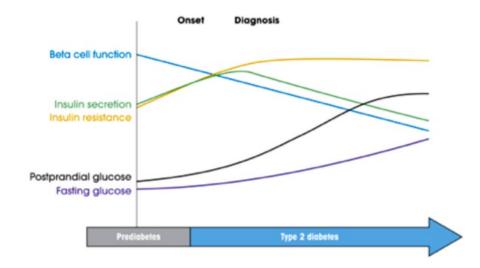


Figure: medscape.org



DEFINITION OF METABOLIC SYNDROME

Worldwide: Women:34 % Men:29 %

Cluster of risk factors (IDF definition):

Measure	Cut points
Elevated waist circumference ¹	Q≥ 80cm 0"≥ 94cm
Plus ≥2 of the criteria below	
Elevated triglycerides ²	≥ 1.7 mmol/L
Reduced HDL cholesterol ²	♀ < 1.3 mmol/L ♂ < 1.0 mmol/L
Elevated blood pressure ²	Systolic ≥ 130 and/or diastolic ≥ 85 mm Hg
Elevated fasting glucose ²	≥ 5.55 mmol/L

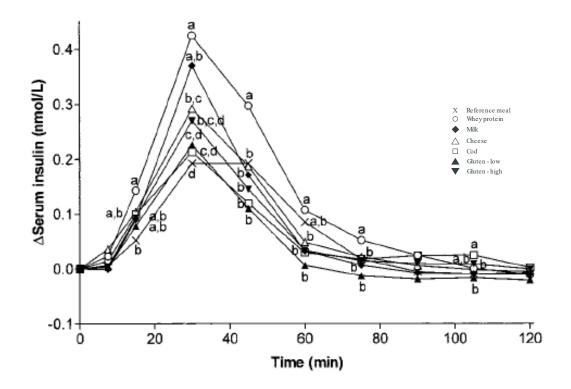
¹ Waist circumference is population- and country specific. The given numbers represents Europid.

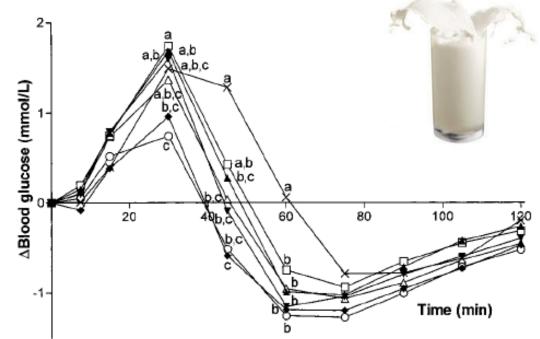
² Use of drugs are an alternate indicator. Abbreviations: *HDL* high-density lipoproteins.



INSULINOTROPIC EFFECT OF WHEY PROTEINS

Wheyproteins havestrongerinsulinotropiceffect than other protein sources inboth in T2D patients healthy individuals and also overweight and obeseindividuals

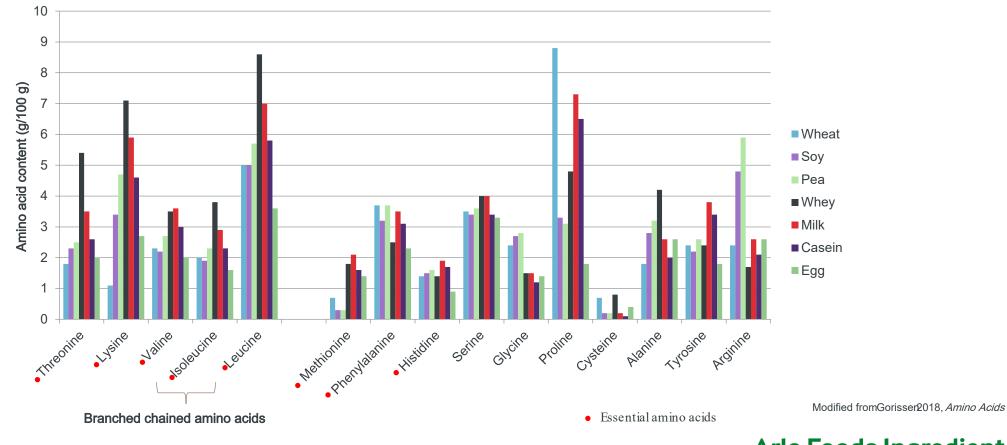




Nilsson et al. 2004, *M JClinNutr*



AMINO ACID COMPOSITION IN WHEY



Arla Foods Ingredients Discovering the wonders of whey The Staub-Traugott effect:

In normal people, a drop in blood glucose that follows a second oral dose of glucose given 30 min or so after the first



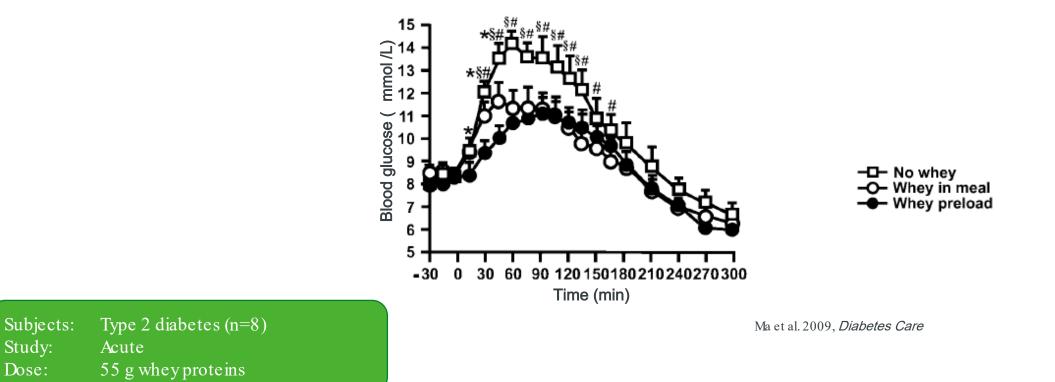
Staub, 1920 Traugott, 1922





PRE-MEAL OF WHEY PROTEINSNSULINOTROPIC EFFECT

A premeal intake of whey protein reduce blood glucose more than the same amount as a part of a carbohydrate meal.

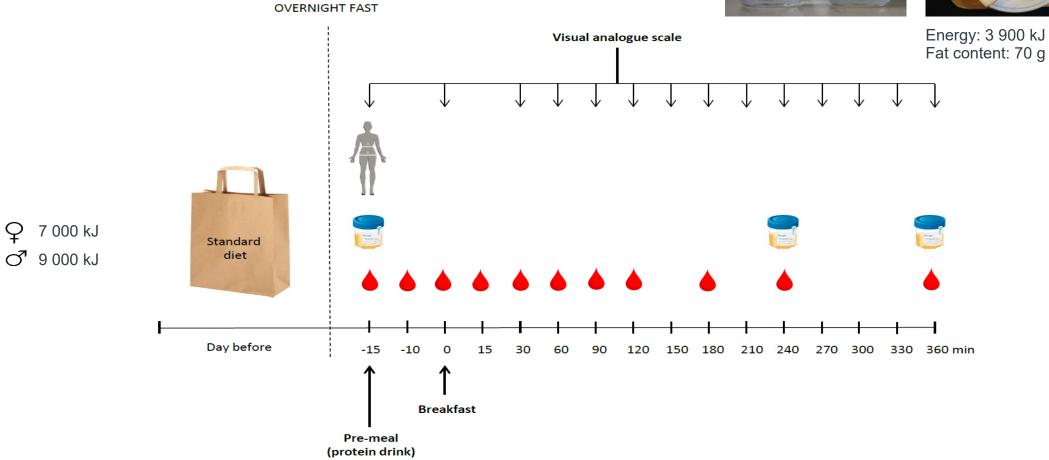








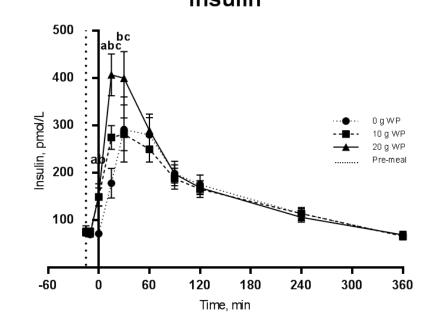


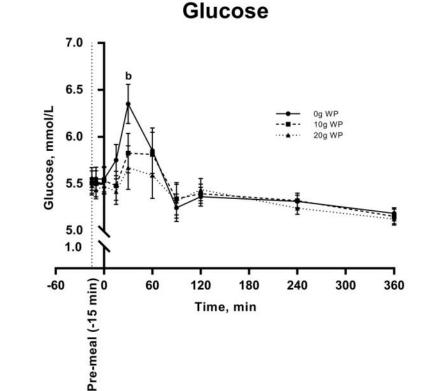




DOSE

The effect of whey protein consumed as a pre-meal is insulinotropic and dose-dependent.





Subjects:Metabolic syndrome (n=20)Study:Acuterandomisedcrossover design

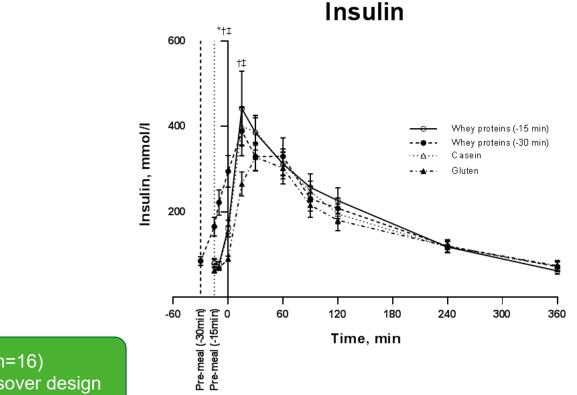
Bjørnshave et al. 201& urJClinNutr



03/02/2020 17/05/ 2018

TIMING AND PROTEIN SOURCE

Whey proteins consumed 30 min before main meal more effectively increating insulin secretion. Likely, whey protein is better than gluten protein.



Subjects:Metabolic syndrome (n=16)Study:Acuterandomisedcrossover design

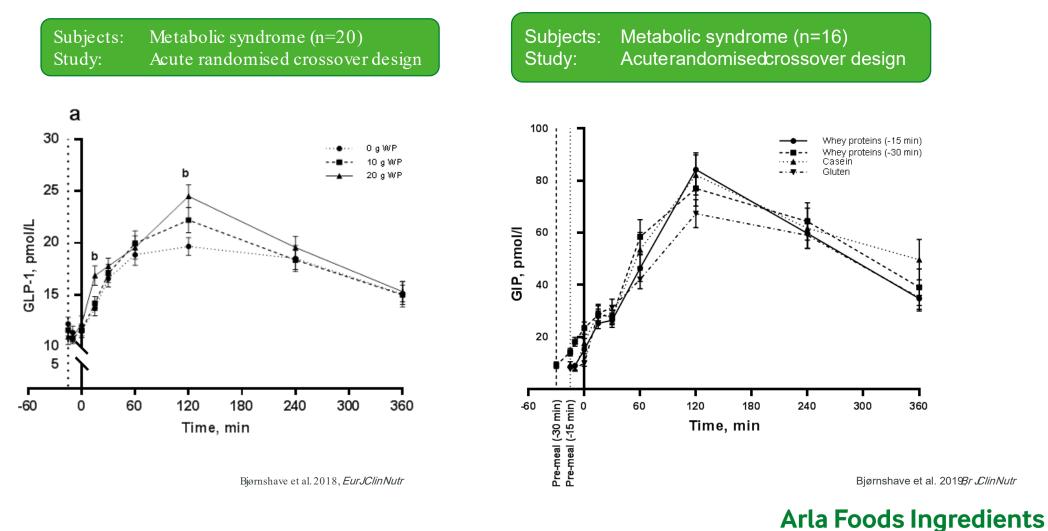
Bjørnshave et al. 2019 *Br JClinNutr*



03/02/2020 17/05/ 2018

INCRETINS-GUT HORMONES

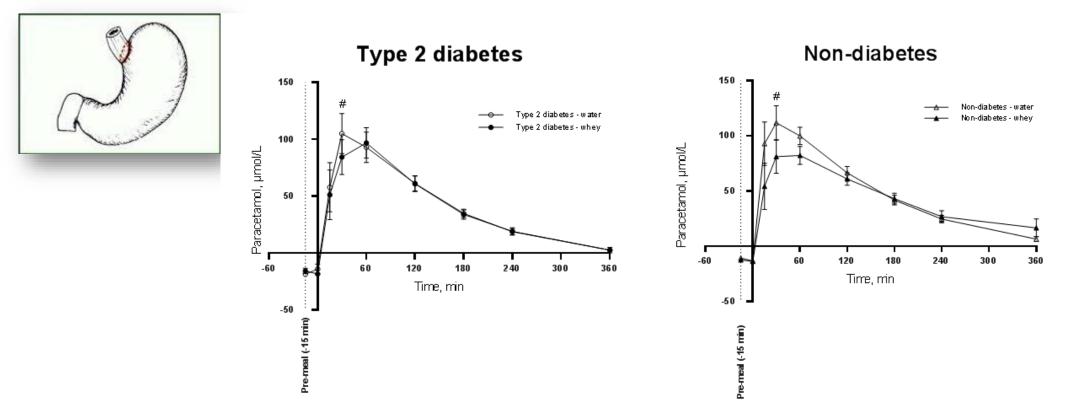
Incretin hormones may be involved in the increased insulin secretion.



Discovering the wonders of whey and

GASTRIC EMPTYING

Whey proteins consumed 30 min before main meal more effectively increase insulin secretion. Likely, whey proteins are better than gluten protein.

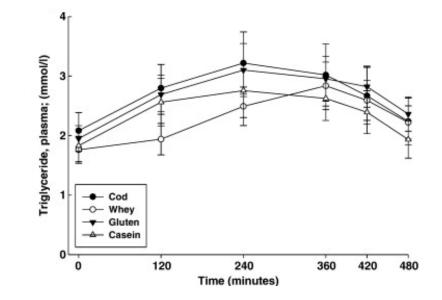


Bjørnshave et al. 2018 Nutrients



LIPIDS

45 g of whey proteins reduce the concentration of triglycerides in the blood



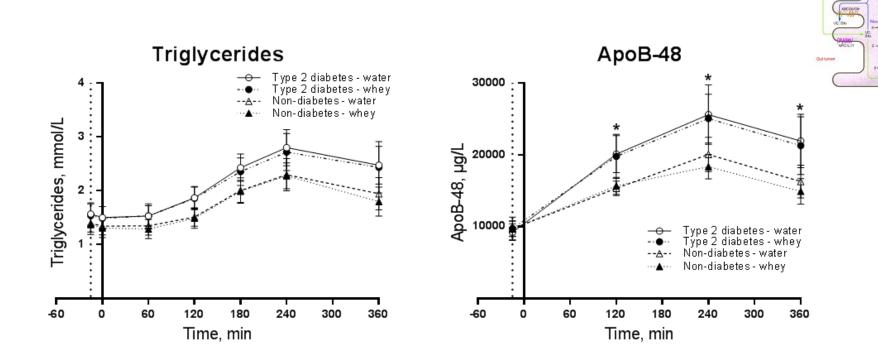
Subjects:Obese, non-diabeticStudy:Acute, crossover design

Holmer-Jensen et al. 2013, VutrRes



LIPIDS

Whey protein consumed as a preeal does not affect the concentration of triglycerides in the blood.



Subjects:Non-diabetic (n=12) and T2D (n=12)Study:Acute, crossover design

Bjørnshave et al. 201& urJClinNutr



TAKEHOMEMESSAGES



Beneficial effects as whey proteins as a premeal:

- Insulinotropic effect: stimulation of insulin secretion and subsequently reduction of blood glucose.
- Incretin hormones: stimulation of gastric hormones (GLIPand GIP) increasing the insulin secretion.
- Gastric emptying: delay the liquid phase of gastric emptying and contribute to control of blood glucose fluctuations after a meal.

Factors influencing the beneficial effects of whey proteins as a pre-meal:

- Protein dose
- Protein quality
- Timing of the premeal relative to main meal.



THANK YOU

