MÆLKEMATRICENS KOMPONENTER OG DERES INDFLYDELSE PÅ HJERNESUNDHED

Marie Stampe Ostenfeld Senior R&D Manager, Nutrition & Health

Arla Foods Ingredients
Discovering the wonders of whey



DMS Seminar 10. Okt 2019

AGENDA

1. Introduction

- 1. Trends in Brain Health among consumers and markets
- 2. Nutritional components linked to Brain Health

2. Vitamin B12

- 1. Dairy as a unique delivery matrix
- 2. B12 deficiency and bioavailibility

3. Brain development and dairy phospholid components

- 1. Differences between breastfed and IF formula fed infants- cognition
- 2. Milk fat globular membrane (MFGM) for infant brain development

4. Brain 'decay' and potential effects of dairy phospholipid components

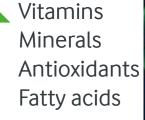
- 1. Global demographic shift and cognitive decline
- 2. Finding nutritional solutions to support elderly brain health

5. Conclusions & Perspectives

THE RIGHT FUEL FOR THE BRAIN

Your Brain!

- Takes care of thoughts, movements, breathing and heartbeat, your senses
- It works hard 24/7 (awake and asleep)
- Constant supply of fuel











BRAIN HEALTH PRODUCTS Global market trends



- Global market products with a "brain health and memory" claim was valued in 2017 at US\$ 5.1 billions.
 - 94 % driven by milk infant formula

Source: Euromonitor International

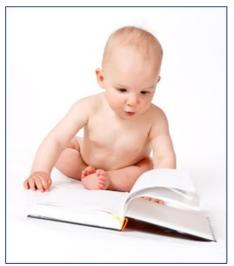
• 6.2% compound annual growth rate (CAGR) from 2013 to 2017

-Second fastest growing positioning within health and wellness packaged food.

- Brain health and memory products are often associated to other claims (heart, immune system, gut)
- From January 2008 to July 2018, 12,996 products with the functional claim "brain health and nervous system" were launched around the world
 Arla Foods Ingredients

CONSUMERS CARE ABOUT BRAIN HEALTH





Infant nutrition How to maximize brain development for the future benefit of our children



Elderly nutrition how to prevent cognitive decline





WHAT IS COGNITION?





A mental action or process:

Acquiring knowledge and understanding through thoughts, experience, and the senses



Brain-boosting functional foods are set to go mainstream

By Nick Hughes

23-Aug-2017 - Last updated on 23-Aug-2017 at 16:28 GMT



MIND Diet: Best Foods to Eat to Keep Your Brain Young

Dairy Consumption Linked to Better Brain Health

in in

/ Sandeep Ravindran in SPLASH! milk science update: May 2015

Lancet Psychiatry. 2015	 Oxidative stress has been implicated in aging and several neurodegenerative diseases, including Alzheimer's disease and Parkinson's disease.
Nutritional me	 A new study finds that higher dairy consumption is associated with higher brain concentration of glutathione, a potent antioxidant that can help protect the brain from oxidative stress.
<u>Sarris J</u> ¹ , <u>Logan AC</u> ² , . <u>D</u> ¹¹ , <u>Ramsey D</u> ¹² , <u>Ruc</u>	 A follow-up intervention trial could confirm whether increasing dairy intake could enhance the brain's antioxidant defenses and protect against aging and various neurodegenerative diseases.
Author informa	
Abstract Psychiatry is at an i burden of poor men nutrition as a crucia	implicated both in normal aging and in many neurodegenerative conditions such as
cardiology, endocrin	ental health, and for the select use of nutrient-based supplements to address deficier

deficiencies) and mental health, and for the select use of nutrient-based supplements to address deficiencies, or as monotherapies or augmentation therapies. We present a viewpoint from an international collaboration of academics (members of the International Society for Nutritional Psychiatry Research), in which we provide a context and overview of the current evidence in this emerging field of research, and discuss the future direction. We advocate recognition of diet and nutrition as central determinants of both physical and mental health.

s on the MIND diet can help reduce your risk of Alzheimer's

Corrige AC of al Alaba imers Dementia. 2015

one glass per

<u>ioulon D</u>9, <u>Mizoue T</u>10, <u>Nanri A</u>10, <u>Nishi</u> tional Psychiatry Research</u>.

nodest benefits in addressing the ging and compelling evidence for important to psychiatry as it is to

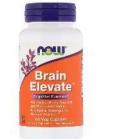


NUTRIENTS IN 'BRAIN HEALTH'-PROMOTED PRODUCTS

Top nutrients (Product launches Jan 2016- June 2018)

Vitamin B	# products	Polyunsat. fatty acid	# products	Antioxidant	# products	Choline	# products
Folic Acid	1315	Docosahexaenoic acid	380	Vitamin C	1307	Choline chloride	264
Riboflavin	1170	(food) Arachidonic acid (food)	289	Vitamin E	663	Choline	204
Vitamin B6	1009	Docosahexaenoic acid	90	Ascorbyl Palmitate (Food)	350	Bitartrate	248
	1009	(animal origin)	90	Sodium Ascorbate (Food)	331	Choline	104
Nlacin	969	Docosahexaenoic acid (non-animal origin)	79	Tocopherol concentrate mixed	200	Citicoline	12
Vltamin B1	967	Omega 3 fatty acids	43		200		12
Vltamin B12	954	Omega 6 fatty acids	25	Tocopherol (Food)	182	Source: Euron	nonitor Internatio





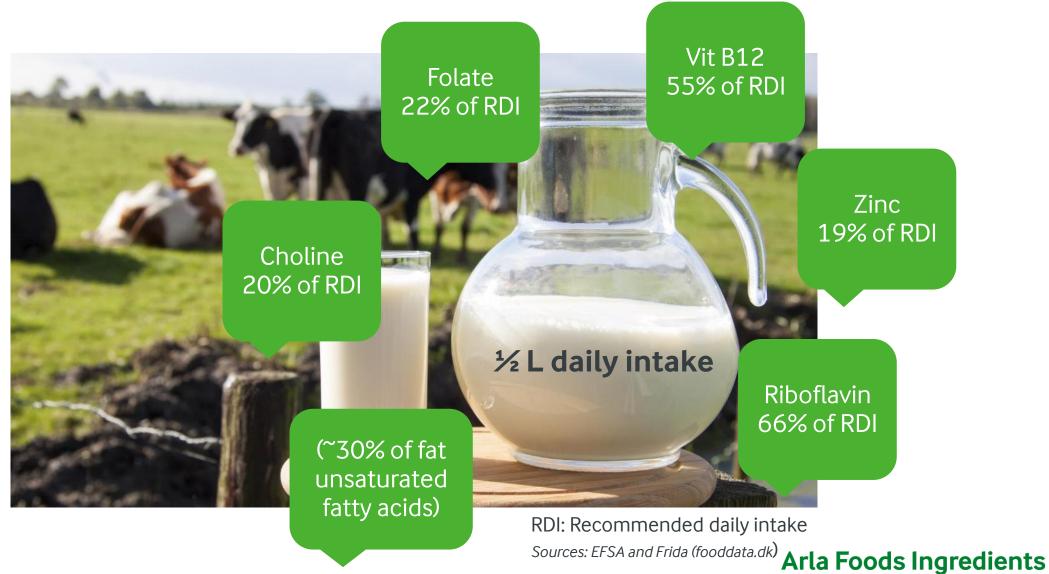




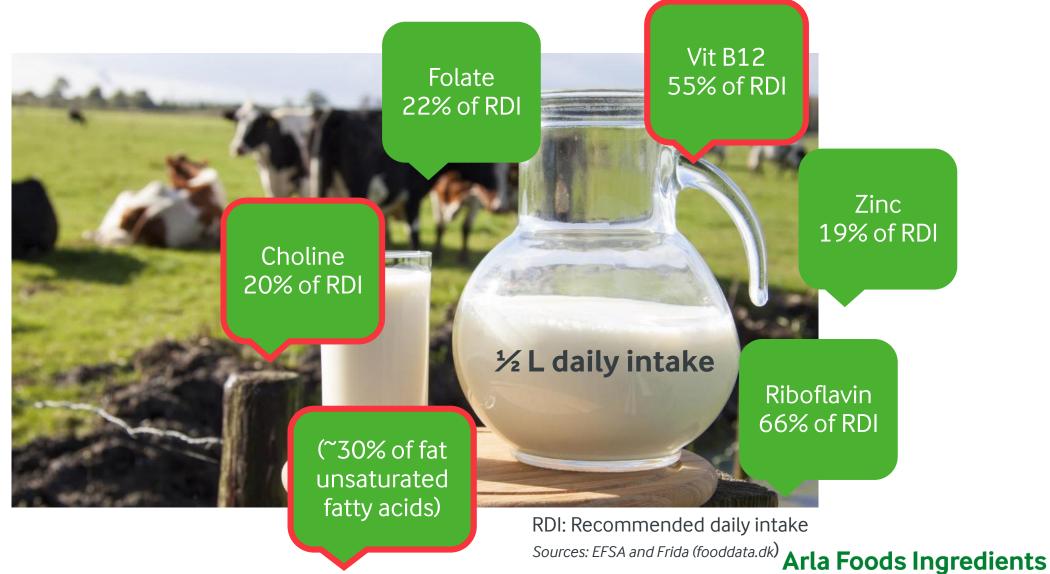
FOCUS

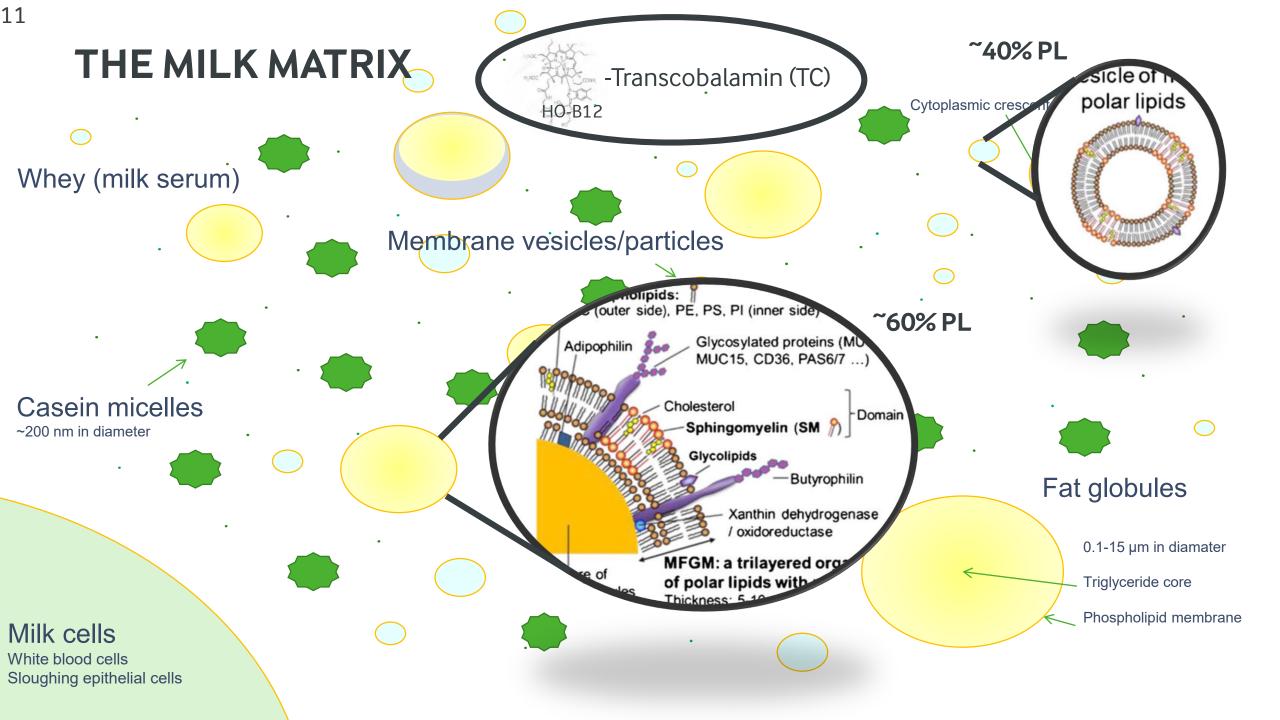


BRAIN HEALTH-SUPPORTIVE NUTRIENTS IN COWS MILK



BRAIN HEALTH-SUPPORTIVE NUTRIENTS IN COWS MILK







DAIRY GIVES SUPERIOR B12 BIOAVAILIBILITY

Dietary sources of vitamin B-12 and their association with plasma vitamin B-12 concentrations in the general population: the Hordaland Homocysteine Study.

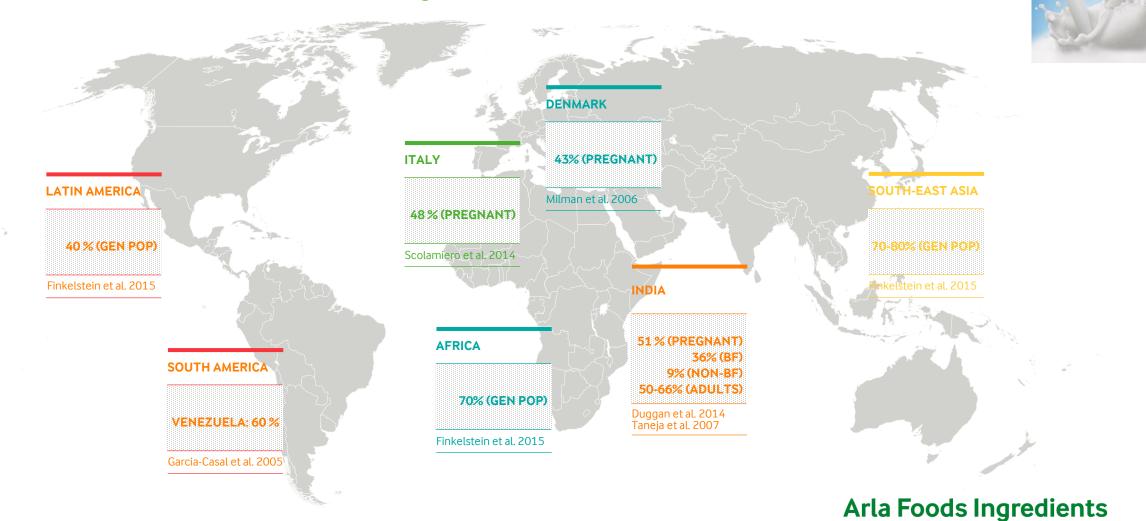
Conclusion: Vitamin B-12 appears to be more bioavailable from dairy products



Association study (>65 yrs): Dietary Sources of Vitamin B-12 and Their Association with Vitamin B-12, B-PROOF Study.

Results: Higher intakes of dairy, meat, and fish and shellfish were significantly associated with higher serum vitamin B-12 concentrations, where meat and dairy-predominantly milk were the most potent sources

VITAMIN B12 DEFICIENCY A global micronutrient challenge

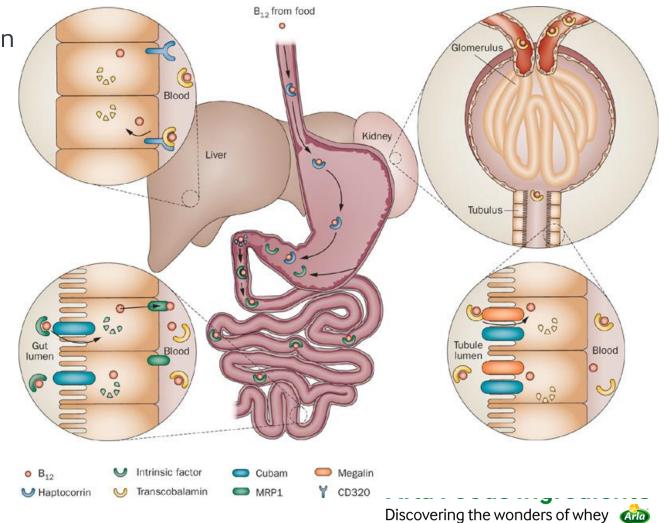


Discovering the wonders of whey and

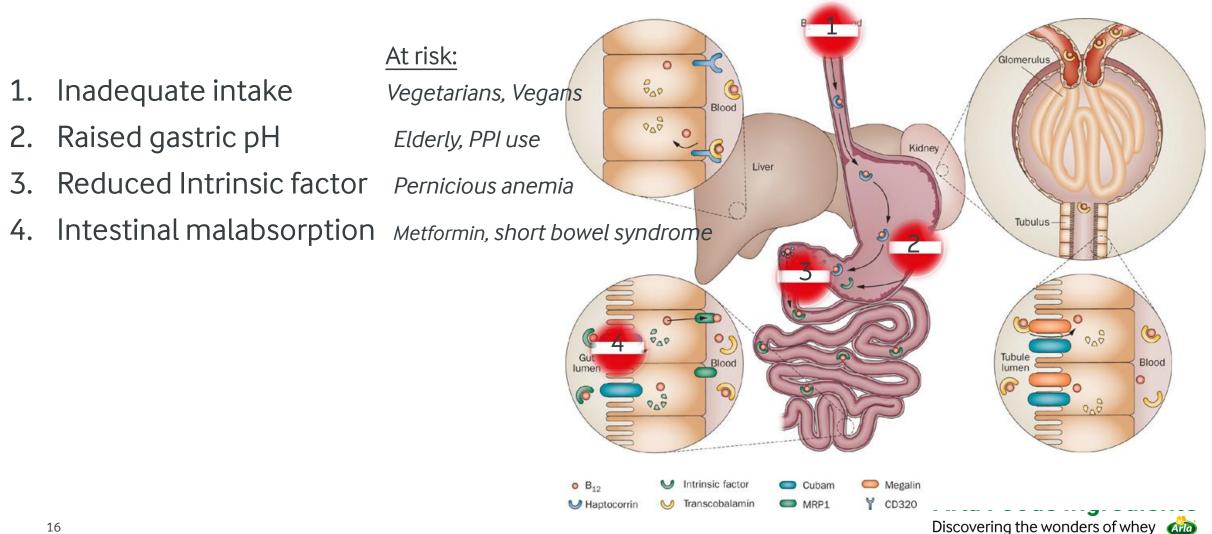
14

B12 UPTAKE AND BIOAVAILIBILITY

- Vit-B12 is synthesized by ruminal microflora in cows (not present in plants)
- Food matrice dependency
- Protein binding partner exchange
 - Haptocorrin (HC)
 - Intrinsic Factor (IF)
 - Transcobalamin (TC)
- Type of B12 (CN, HO, Me, 5-DeoxyAd)



CAUSES TO B12 DEFICIENCY



CONSEQUENCES OF B12 DEFICIENCY



Fetal and infants

Complications

Mothers with <250 ng/L B12 had >2.5-fold higher risk of bearing a child with an NTD¹.

In India (low B12) the rate of NTD is 0.5-11/1000 births².

Maternal B12 deficiency (<180 pg/L) was associated with a 9-fold greater risk of recurrent pregnant loss³.

¹Molloy et al, 2009. ²Rush et al, 2014. ³Reznikoff-Etievant et al, 2002.

Cognitive

Children of mothers with low B12 had mental scores 1.6 points lower than children with adequate intakemothers¹.

Maternal B12 during pregnancy significantly predicted children's B12 status at age 6².

B12 status in infancy correlates positively with cognitive performance at age 5³.

¹Del Rio et al, 2009. ²Bhate et al, 2008. ³Kvestad I 2017.

Elderly

General

Weakness, tiredness, or lightheadedness. Heart palpitations and shortness of breath.

Pale skin.

Constipation, diarrhea, loss of appetite.

Nerve problems like numbness or tingling, muscle weakness, and problems walking.

Vision loss.

¹Langan RC, 2017

Cognitive

Low B12 status in Mild cognitive impairment correlates to poorer learning ability¹.

Low B12 correlates to cognitive impairment in early Parkinson Disease².

B12 supplementation improves nerve conductivity³.

¹Köbe T 2016^{, 2}Cristine CW 2018.3 Brito A 2016

Arla Foods Ingredients Discovering the wonders of whey





BIOAVAILIBILITY AND RELEVANCE OF DIFFERENT B12 FORMS

Research collaboration

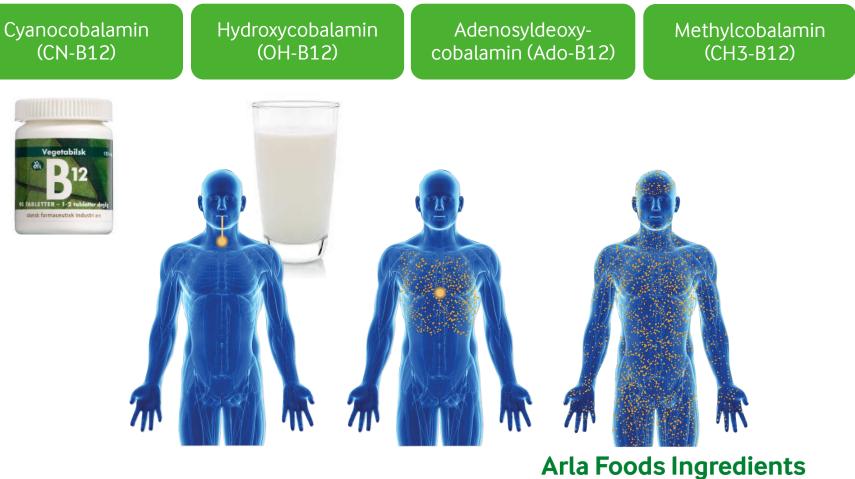
Aarhus University Hospital Prof. Em. Ebba Nexø PhD Eva Greibe

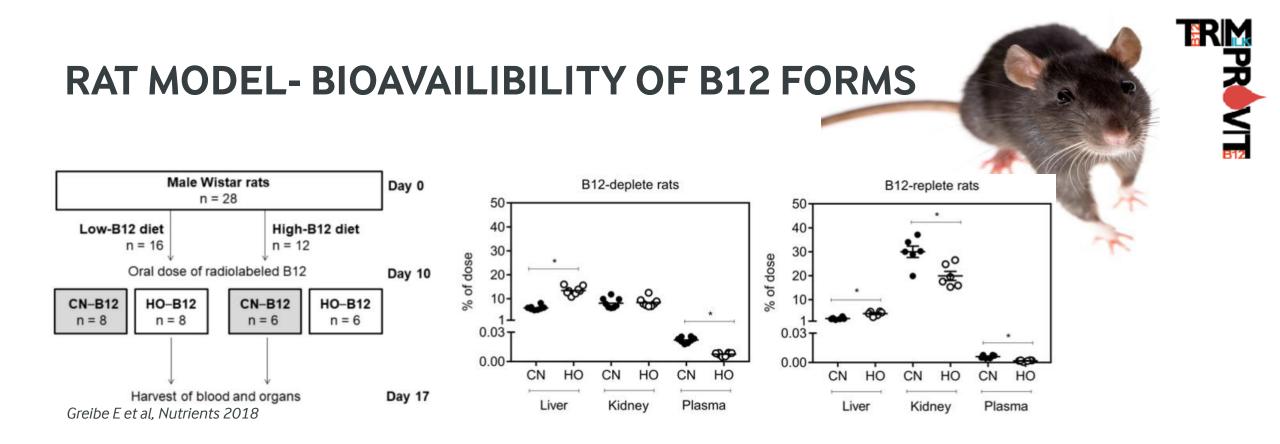
<u>Aarhus University</u> Sen. Sct Christian Heegaard Sen. Sct Sergey Fedosov

UC Davis Health Prof. Ralph Green

Deenanath Mangeskhar Hospital, India Dr Sadanand Naik

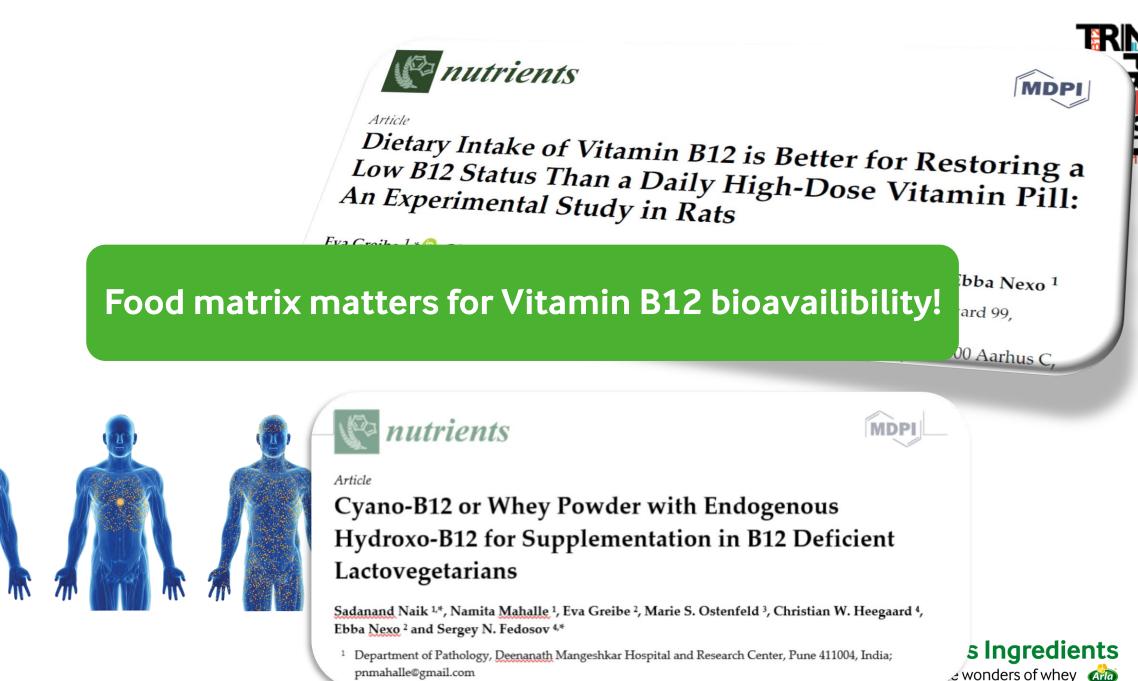
Arla Foods Ingredients



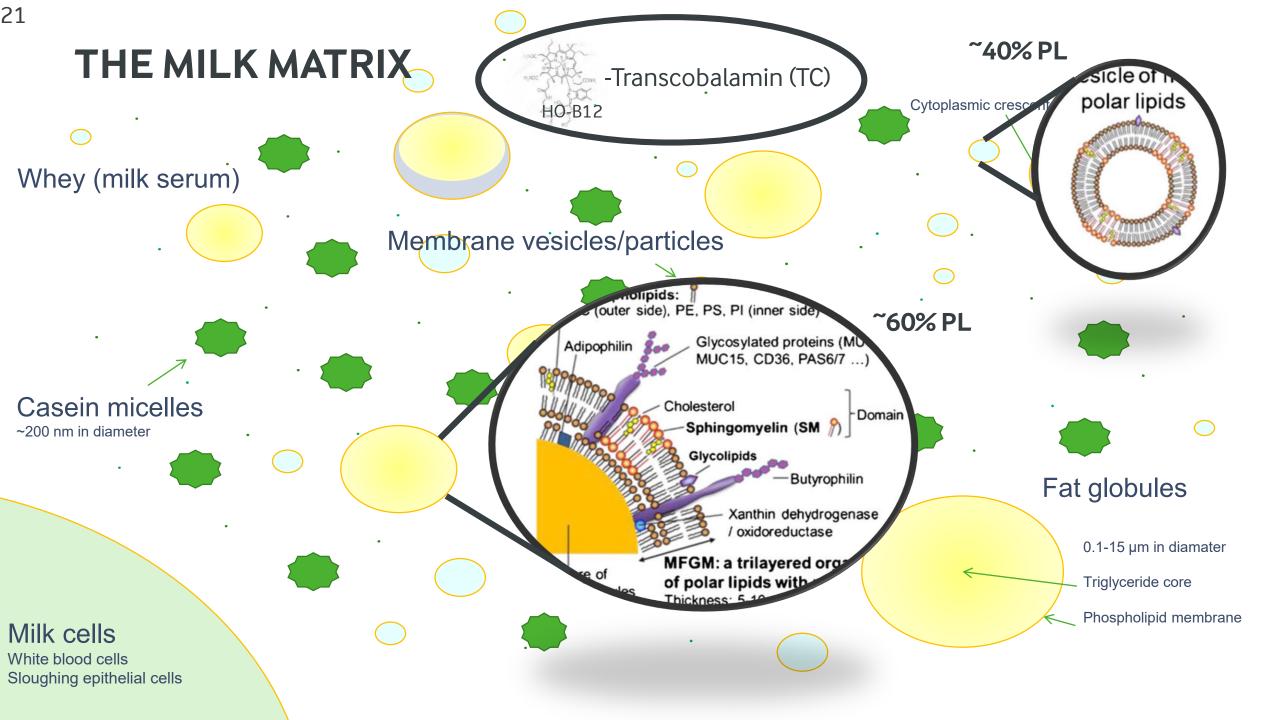


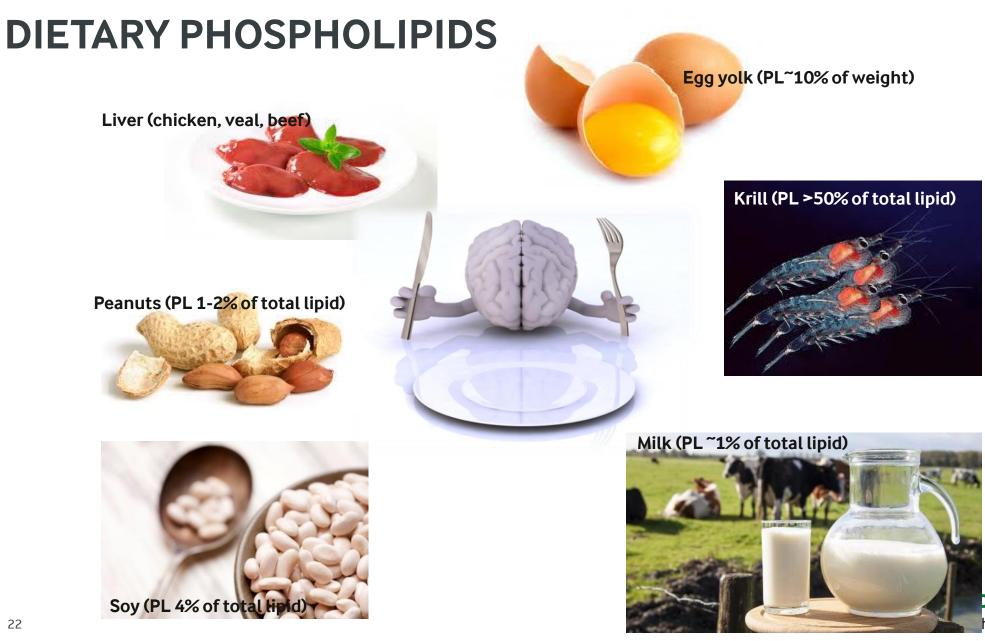
"Data suggests **long-term differences in tissue utilization** of the two B12 forms and warrant further studies concerning the **possible benefits of consuming HO~B12** (food) instead of CN⁻B12 (vitamin pill)."





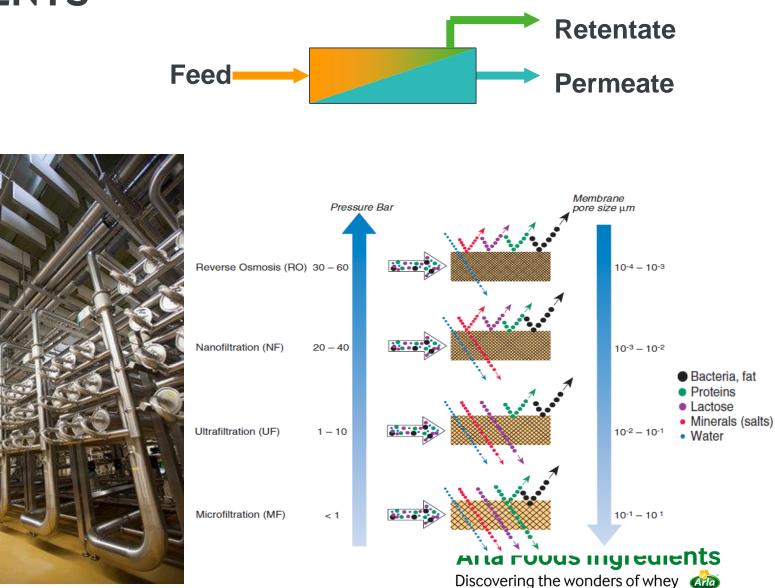
Description of Christian Biochemistry of Loring McGristel Medicine Archive Heimericke Hermited D

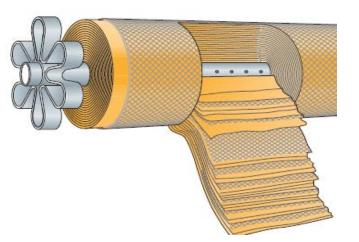




ods Ingredients he wonders of whey 🛛 🎪

ARLA FOODS INGREDIENTS Dairy Processing- Separation





A PHOSPHOLIPID-ENRICHED DAIRY INGREDIENT

Table 2. Means and standard error of total polar lipid content (wt %) of some dairy samples (n = 4).¹

Sample	PL (% of sample)	PL (% of DM)	PL (% of fat)	GLUCER (% of PL)	LACCER (% of PL)	PE (% of PL)	PI (% of PL)	PS (% of PL)	PC (% of PL)	SM (% of PL)
Raw milk	0.029 ± 0.001	0.232 ± 0.001	0.708 ± 0.003	2.74 ± 0.05	6.66 ± 0.10	41.99 ± 0.28	4.83 ± 0.28	6.72 ± 0.35	19.15 ± 0.25	17.93 ± 0.16
Cream	0.139 ± 0.008	0.308 ± 0.017	0.354 ± 0.020	3.74 ± 0.58	5.25 ± 1.23	39.97 ± 2.07	8.16 ± 0.54	8.23 ± 0.18	20.72 ± 0.74	13.93 ± 0.93
Butter	0.181 ± 0.011	0.215 ± 0.013	0.223 ± 0.014	2.69 ± 0.99	5.84 ± 0.25	36.52 ± 1.31	6.48 ± 0.53	8.11 ± 0.19	20.15 ± 0.53	20.22 ± 1.61
Buttermilk	0.091 ± 0.003	1.146 ± 0.036	21.849 ± 0.695	1.60 ± 0.09	6.10 ± 0.58	42.90 ± 0.25	8.91 ± 0.27	8.55 ± 0.12	19.10 ± 0.11	12.83 ± 0.44
Whey (Cheddar)	0.018 ± 0.001	0.264 ± 0.004	5.321 ± 0.084	1.55 ± 0.23	8.90 ± 0.55	41.13 ± 0.24	3.69 ± 0.23	9.33 ± 0.34	19.04 ± 0.45	16.38 ± 0.50
Quarg	0.032 ± 0.001	0.246 ± 0.007	24.655 ± 0.727	2.60 ± 0.49	10.39 ± 1.56	39.07 ± 1.45	3.91 ± 0.16	5.93 ± 0.31	18.74 ± 0.26	19.36 ± 0.90
Cheddar	0.153 ± 0.012	0.248 ± 0.019	0.474 ± 0.036	2.37 ± 1.90	6.91 ± 0.41	37.96 ± 2.11	7.73 ± 1.16	8.50 ± 0.57	20.25 ± 1.32	16.29 ± 0.57

¹GLUCER = Glucosylceramide; LACCER = lactosylceramide; PA = phosphatidic acid; PE = phosphatidylethandamine; PI = phosphatidylinositol; PS = phosphatidylserine; PC = phosphatidylcholine; SM = sphingomyelin.

Rombaut et al. J Dairy Sci. 2005



Arla Foods Ingredients Discovering the wonders of whey (

Lacprodan[®] MFGM-10

Chemical specification	n	
Protein (Nx6.38) as is		69-76%
Lactose	max.	3%
Total fat		16-22%
Total PLs	min.	6-8%
IgG	level	4 %

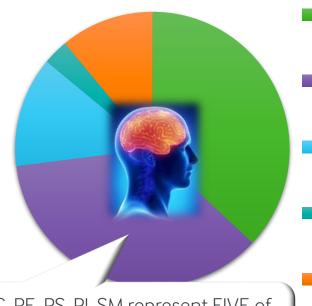
Typical phospholipid composition

Sphingomyelin	1.6 %
Phosphatidyl choline	1.8 %
Phosphatidyl ethanolamine	1.9 %
Phosphatidyl serine	0.8 %
Phosphatidyl inositol	0.5 %
Others	0.5 %

Phospholipids - a BRAIN perspective

Phospholipids constitute more than 60% of total brain lipid, most of which are incorporated in the membrane system



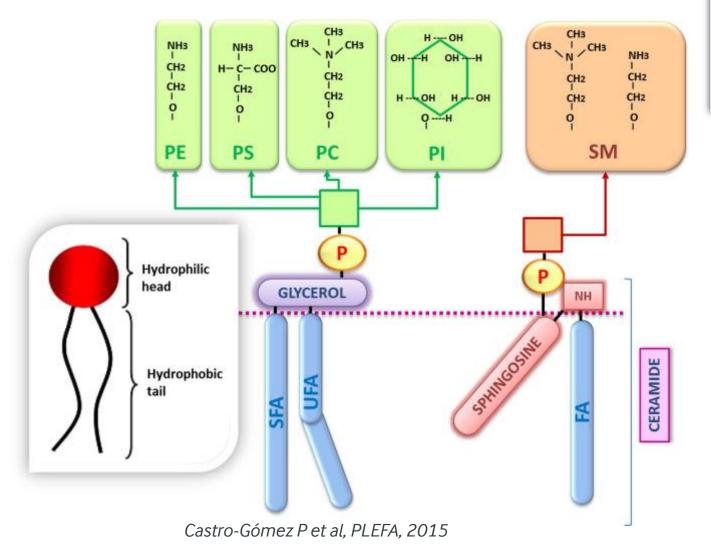


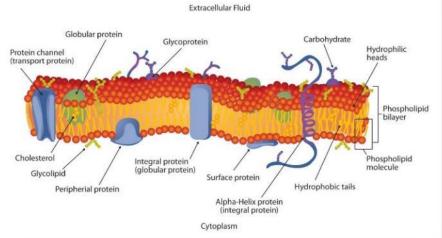
PC, PE, PS, PI, SM represent FIVE of the most abundant phospholipids of brain cell membrane

- **PC** Phosphatidyl choline (PC) [33-37% brain PL] key building block of membrane bilayers and provides choline for synthesis of neurotransmitter acetycholine and de novo SM synthesis
- **PE** Phosphatidyl ethanolamine **(PE)** [36% brain PL] key building block of membrane bilayers
- **PS** Phosphatyidyl serine (PS) [10-20% brain PL] plays a key role in biosynthesis and release of neurotransmitters . PS is neurotrophic, increasing total number and size of neurons
- PI Phosphatidyl Inositol (PI) [2-5% brain PL] key membrane constituent and as a participant in essential metabolic processes
- **SM** Sphingomyelin (SM) [11% brain PL] contributes to myelination of neurons, is required for the activity of a number of membrane-bound proteins. <u>SM not found in plants.</u>



CHEMICAL STRUCTURE Glycerophospholipids and sphingolipids







AGENDA

- 1. Introduction
 - 1. Trends in Brain Health among consumers and markets
 - 2. Nutritional components linked to Brain Health
- 2. Vitamin B12
 - 1. Dairy as a unique delivery matrix
 - 2. B12 deficiency and bioavailibility

3. Brain development and dairy phospholid components

- 1. Differences between breastfed and IF formula fed infants- cognition
- 2. Milk fat globular membrane (MFGM) for infant brain development
- 4. Brain 'decay' and potential effects of dairy phospholipid components
 - 1. Global demographic shift and cognitive decline
 - 2. Finding nutritional solutions to support elderly brain health
- 5. Conclusions & Perspectives



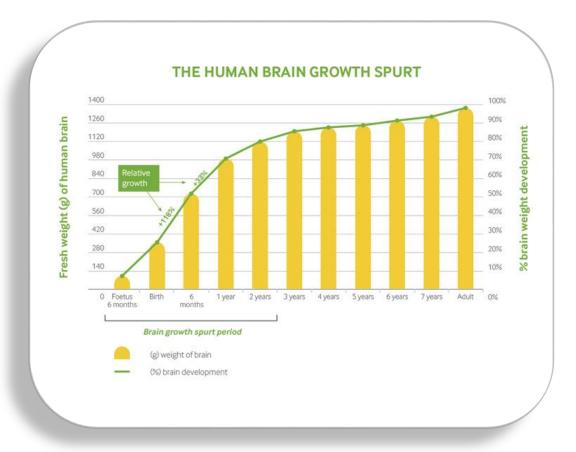


BRAIN DEVELOPMENT Infant cognitive development

Prenatal and infancy is a very critical period for cognitive development due to rapid neuronal growth and maturation

- The infant brain is at birth approx. 25% of its adult volume
- By the end of the first postnatal year it reaches 75% of its adult volume
- The remaining 25% of brain growth is achieved over the next few years





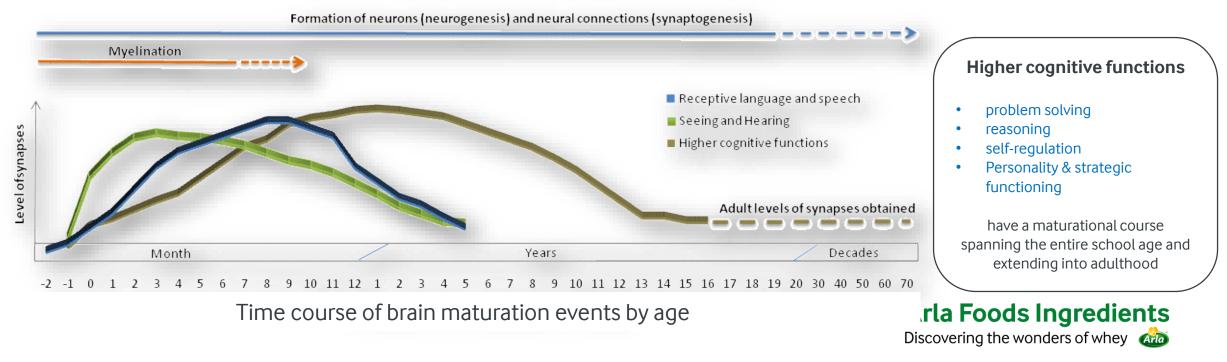




(modfied from GranthamMcGregor, Lancet 2007)

HUMAN BRAIN DEVELOPMENT- A LIFE-LONG PROCES

- The brain will keep its development and maturation into adulthood, but the first 2 years of life are the most critical
- Lipids needed for the very critical period are all present in milk
- Reasonable to explore neurocognitive benefits of milk derived PL



COGNITIVE DEVELOPMENT

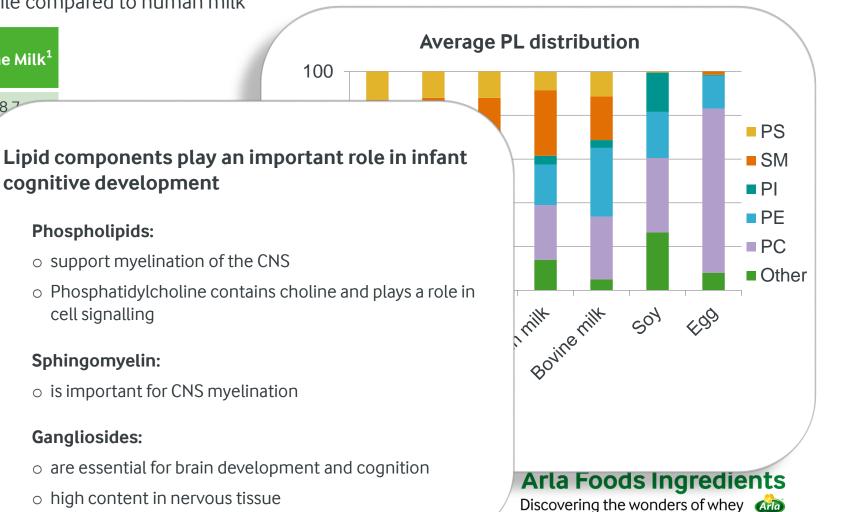
Milk phospholipids

Bovine milk has a similar phospholipid profile compared to human milk

Bovine Milk ¹	Human milk ¹	% distribution of milk lipids in different sources (% of total milk lipids)
287	24.5	Phosphatidylcholines (PC)
	18.3	Phosphatidylethanolamines (PE)
Lipid	8.1	Phosphatidylserines (PS)
cogni	29.7	Sphingomyelins (SM)
Dh	3.8	Phosphatidylinositoles (PI)
Ph	13.9	Others
0 9		Gangliosides
0	3.8 - 0.9 ²	CDZ(ma/l)
		GD3 (mg/L)
(4.3 - 9.8 ²	GM3 (mg/L)

GD3 and GM3: the two major gangliosides in human milk Human milk gangliosides measured at day: 0-11, 30, 60 and 120 Bovine milk gangliosides measured at day: 2, 15 and 90. *15.2 mg/L at

¹Garcia et al 2012, ²Giuffrida et al. 2014, ³Lee et al. 2013



DIFFERENCES IN COGNITIVE ABILITIES





Breastfeeding (BF)

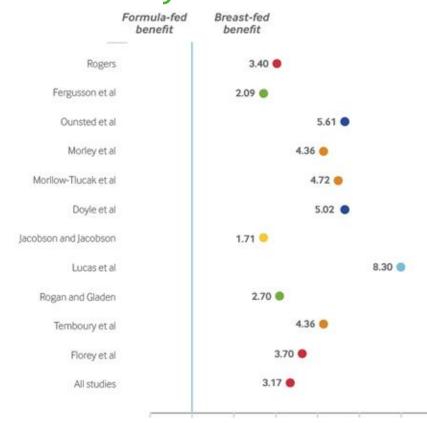
Infant formula feeding (FF)



BF infants have improved cognitive abilities compared to FF infants



COGNITIVE DEVELOPMENT meta-analysis



Breastfeeding was associated with significantly higher scores for cognitive development than formula feeding - 3.2 higher IQ score compared to formula feds - 5.2 higher IQ score for low birth weight infants

> The differences in cognitive development was manifested early in development and was sustained through childhood and adolescence

> > Small IQ impact at individual level Large IQ impact at population level

Victora CG et al, The Lancet, 2015:

-Dose-response association with breastfeeding duration for IQ and educational attainment

-Confounder-adjusted analysis: ~3.7 point higher IQ score, ~1year longer education, higher income

Arla Foods Ingredie Discovering the wonders of wh



ADDITION OF MFGM-10 TO INFANT FORMULA HUMANIZES THE PL PROFILE



"Only IFs with MFGM could supply the total and individual PL content present in all lactation periods"



Timby et al, Am J Clin Nutr, 2014

"MFGM-10 supplementation to infant formula narrows the gap in cognitive development between breastfed and formula-fed infants"

Conclusion: Enrichment for specific dairy matrix components (MFGM) into Infant formulas enhance brain development

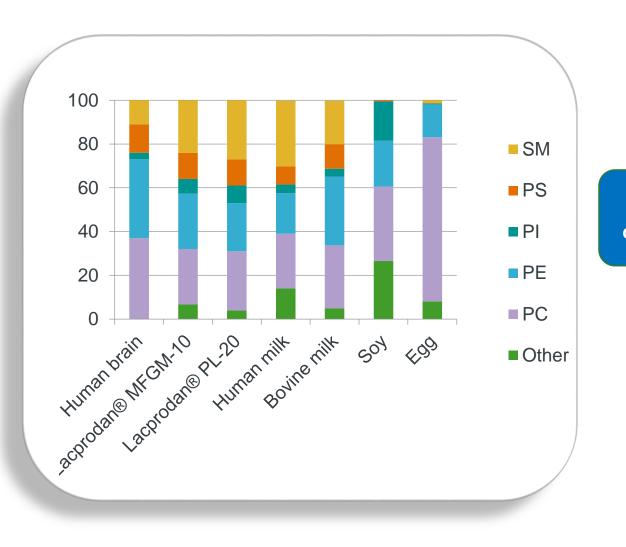
AGENDA

- 1. Introduction
 - 1. Trends in Brain Health among consumers and markets
 - 2. Nutritional components linked to Brain Health
- 2. Vitamin B12
 - 1. Dairy as a unique delivery matrix
 - 2. B12 deficiency and bioavailibility
- 3. Brain development and dairy phospholid components
 - 1. Differences between breastfed and IF formula fed infants- cognition
 - 2. Milk fat globular membrane (MFGM) for infant brain development
- 4. Brain 'decay' and potential effects of dairy phospholipid components
 - 1. Global demographic shift and cognitive decline
 - 2. Finding nutritional solutions to support elderly brain health
- 5. Conclusions & Perspectives





DAIRY-DERIVED SPHINGOMYELIN (SM) AND COGNITIVE DECAY





MFGM-10 supplementation to infant formula narrows the gap in cognitive development between breastfed and formula fed infants

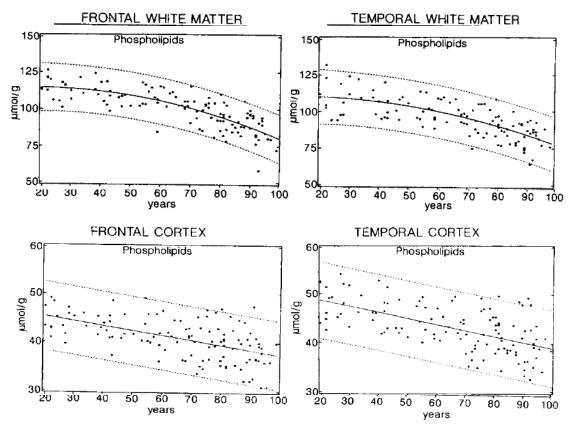
Timby et al 2014

- ✓ Brain myelination in white matter occurs after birth
- ✓ Milk supplementing SM is believed essential
- ✓ White matter loss during age-related cognitive decline
- ✓ Prevention by dairy-derived SM?



BRAIN COMPOSITION AND FUNCTIONING ALTERS AS WE AGE

- DECLINE IN COGNITIVE AND MENTAL FUNCTIONING



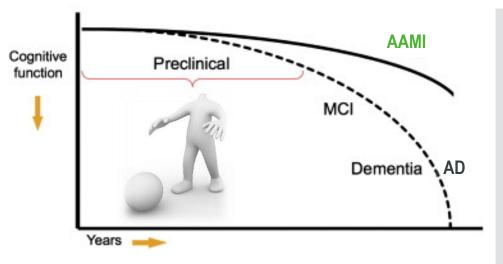
- Concentration of most lipids in the human DECREASE after age of 20
- PL decreases 18-31% and the volume of the brain declines with age at a rate of around 5% per decade after the age of 40



SMART

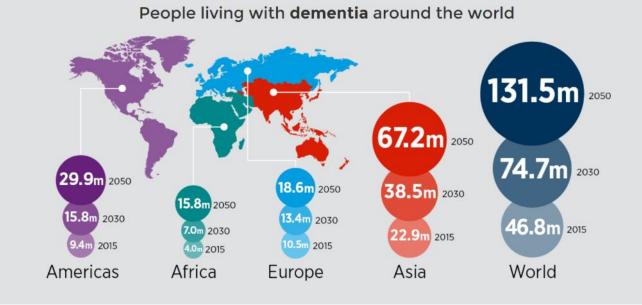
AGEING AND COGNITIVE DECLINE





AAMI: Age-associated memory impairment MCI: Mild cognitive impairment AD: Alzheimers Disease (~70% dementia disease) Increasing age is the most important risk factor for AD

> Increased life expectancy and demographic shifts will >3 fold dementia increase WHO 2015: Call for global health priority of AD and dementia



Arta Foods Ingredients Discovering the wonders of whey

PROJECT DAIRY-SMART (2019-)

HEALTHY AGEING THROUGH NUTRITION

Research collaboration

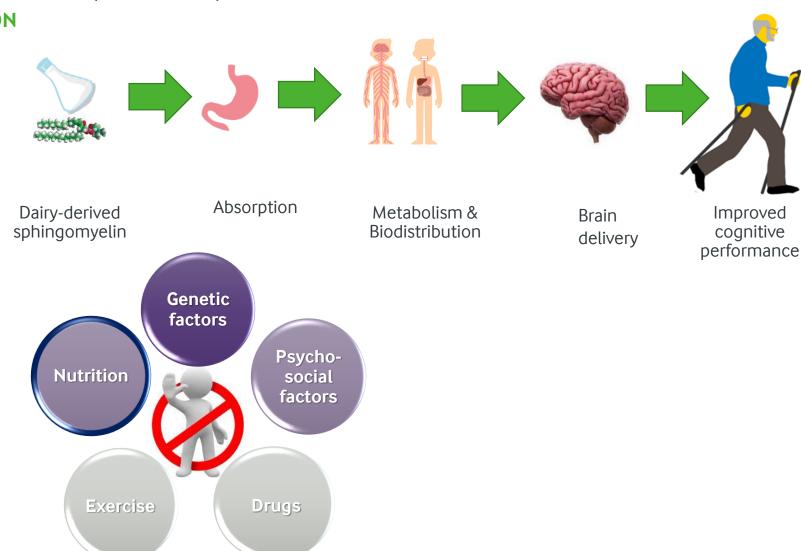
University of Southern Denmark Assoc Prof. Christer Ejsing

Copenhagen University Prof. Trond Ulven

<u>Rigshospitalet</u> Prof Gitte Moos, Assoc Prof Hanne Demant

Aarhus University Sen Sci Jan Trige Rasmussen

Arla Foods Ingredients Nutr. Res. Sc. Ann Bjørnshave

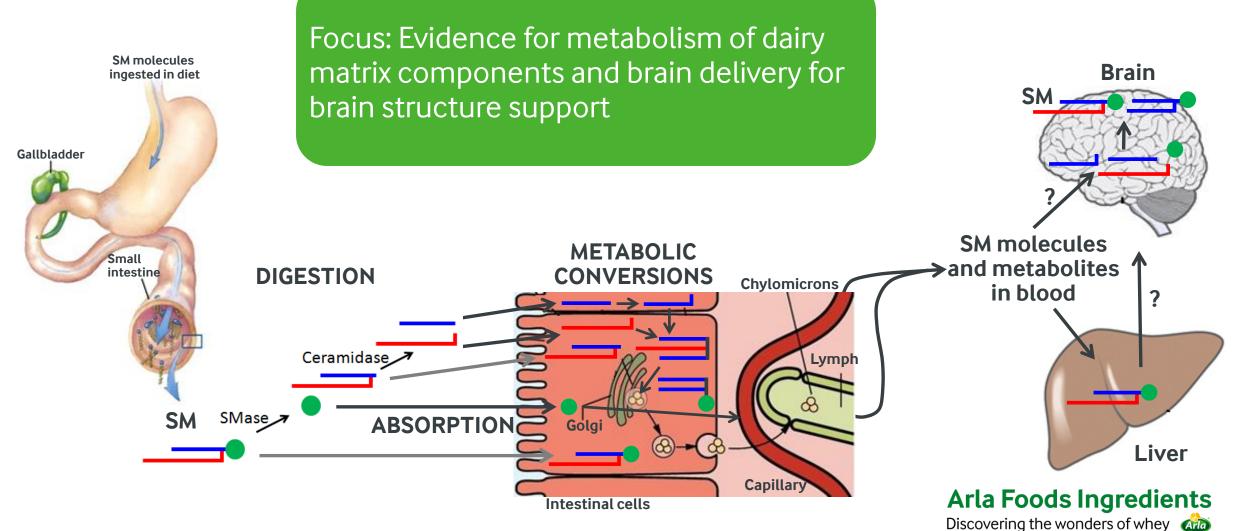






THE SMART SOLUTION





Conclusions & Perspectives

Dairy and dairy ingredients contain nutrients that, due to their matrix, provide beneficial effects for brain health

-Vitamin B12

-Phospholipids in infant formula enrichment -Potential for elderly nutrition

Still to be explored:

-Causality between intake and direct molecular action

-Gut-brain axis -Link between obesity-low grade inflammation and brain health

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

External collaborators and funding



Aarhus University (AU) Copenhagen University

Christian Heegaard Sergey Fedosov Jan Trige Rasmussen Lars Wiking Lotte Bach Larsen

Anette Mullertz Per Torp Sangild Thomas Thymann Trond Ulven Christine Heerup





SDU & Southern Dennrock Christer Ejsing

Hanne Demant Gitte Moos



RH, **NRU**

AU Hospital Ebba Nexø

Eva Greibe

Semper Semper Kenneth Olsson Catharina Tennefors







Mejeribrugets ForskningsFond

Innovation Fund Denmark



